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THE OBSERVER.

THURSDAY..........FEBRUARY 15, 1894.

NEWS AND COMMENTS.

Secretary Lamont says that there 8,200,000 men in the United States available for military duty.

The Hawiian Provisional Government has settled down to business, and ex-Queen Lil is mending her skirts.

The patent on the Bell telephone has expired at last. It will not be long before private lines can be fitted up at very little cost, and will be a great and cheap luxury.

The Democratic Congressional Campaign committee met in Washington and perfected a permanent arganization, with Senator Faulkner, of West Virginia, as chairman.

Auguste Vaillant, the anarchist who threw the bomb in the chamber of Deputies Dec. 9, 1893, as he was led to the guillotine cried out, "Death to the Bourgeoise. Long live anarchy."

The total number of men in the world's navies is 237,000. In the British navy the annual cost of maintaining a man is £211. The average cost of maintaining a man in the American navy is $1,500. A rather large amount we should say.

The December report of the State board of health has been issued. It says of the twenty-four cities and towns, with 121,000 population, that the death rate has been 13.8 annually. There were during the month 140 deaths in these. Of pneumonia there were eighteen and of consumption 22. The grippe is epidemic in a great many counties. Hog cholera is reported in thirteen counties, and as particularly fatal in Chowan. It is said that in Davidson county there are at least 100 cases of pneumonia, and that it is of a very bad type.

The Gridiron Club of Washington celebrated its ninth annual banquet at Washington recently, and a number of distinguished guests were present. The Washington Post cartooned a number of the guests of the evening, and among them Manager E. P. McKissick. of the Battery Park Hotel. Opposite the portrait of Mr. McKissick, who is labelled the "Pride of Battery Park" is the following verse:

"McKissick, E. P., of Asheville, N. C.
This is the chap in the early morn who filled the boys with the juice of the corn, and worried the girls, and walked the cake, and showed us the house that Vander built."

Mr. Bryan, of Nebraska, the champion of the income tax, in the course of his speech referred to a recent showing, that 91 per cent of the people of the United States own only 29 per cent of the total wealth, while the remaining 9 per cent own 71 per cent of the wealth. The people of the United States who have small incomes pay on an average more than 10 per cent of their incomes to support the Federal Government, while the rich pay a smaller per cent. Why should not this tax be added, says the Charlotte Democrat, in order that the burdens may be partially equalized?

When Evangelist Sam Jones called for penitents at the Gospel tabernacle in Nashville, Tenn., says a press dispatch, where he is holding a revival, the first person in the line of those who went forward to take his extended palm was no less a personage than Hon. John James Ingalls, of Kansas. His presence at the tabernacle was conspicuous and it was noticed that he took a deep interest, several times laughing and joining in other demonstrations as the unique Georgia preacher in turn roasted and cajoled the sinners.

"I endorse every word you say" he remarked as he grasped the evangelist's hand.

"God bless you," responded Mr. Jones fervently.

"Possibly," said one who witnessed the scene, "the decalogue may after all have a place in politics, and hope for the politicians prove more than an 'irridescent dream.'"

Mr. Gladstone has passed his eighty-fourth year. He is the greatest Englishman in public life of this century in our estimate, says the Wilmington Messenger. We believe him to be a greater man than William Pitt was. He is of granite character, and morality is the foundation of the character built upon it. He has for nearly sixty years been on the side of the people and has led in all important reforms. Many of those he originated. He is afflicted in his eyes, and recently had an eminent oculist to examine them at his home at Hawarden Castle. The New York Tribune says: "One eye was found to be sightless from an old cataract and the other seriously impaired from the formation of a new cataract. The nerve displayed by this veteran of eighty-four in demanding the removal of the old cataract then and there, so that he could have one good eye while the other was becoming useless, was phenomenal. The surgeon lacked the courage required for performing the operation, but the incident stands as a luminous illustration of the invincible strength of Mr. Gladstone's character." He told the surgeon to perform the work, he would take the consequences of failure.

The first nugget of gold found in the United States, says the Wilmington Messenger, was in North Carolina in 1799. The South produced in gold that went to the mints more than $12,750,000 for 1893. North Carolina since 1799 it has been estimated, produced $21,580,840 of gold. The product of mica in North Carolina in 1884, amounted to $180,000. There is copper in the southwestern portion of the State. North Carolina is a coal producing State. Last year it produced 60,000 tons. In 1889-1892, 37,488 tons were produced. Last year 100 miles of railroad were constructed. There are four wood pulp mills. North Carolina's State debt is now $7,538,567, or $4.76 per capita. In 1880, the debt of the South aggregated $116,917,352, against $96,-610,230 in 1890. There are 584 National banks with a reported capital of $80,925,330, and 567 State banks with $50,292,550, while its entire banking capital in National, State, savings and private banks is over $182,925,750. During the past year twenty-four new National banks were organized in the Southern States, with a capital stock of $2,750,000. In the recent great financial storm the South stood it better than the East or West.

SINCE OUR LAST ISSUE.

Latest News from all Parts of the World, Prepared Especially for the Readers of "The Observer."

Since January 3rd $16,000,000 in gold has been withdrawn from the treasury and $28,-000,000 in gold has been deposited for the purchase of the new bonds. ——Mr. O. V. Smith, traffic manager of the Seaboard Air Line is dead. ——The Wool Growers association will memorialize Congress for a hearing before the Senate Finance committee on the wool schedule in the Wilson bill. ——On January 4th E. A. Sonner, of Pennsylvania, mysteriously disappeared from a train in Virginia. His body has been found in the Clinch river. ——The Brazilian Government has decided that martial law shall cease on the 26th instant, and the Presidential election will occur March 1st. ——Hon. A. J. McLaurin, Senator Walthall's successor, is a self-made man, having by his own exertions raised himself to the position of one of the leading lawyers of Mississippi. He is an uncompromising advocate of free silver. ——Virginia troops were ordered to Manassas, this time, to protect two negroes who were to be tried for criminal assaults upon two white women. ——Governor O'Ferrall, of Virginia, refused a rendition warrant on the requisition of the Governor of Pennsylvania for W. C. Evans, charged with seduction. ——At Anderson, S. C., last week there were five acquittals, and no convictions of parties indicted under the Dispensary law; jurors were empaneled in three cases. ——The greater portion of the business houses of Montgomery, Mo., were burned last week. ——By May 1st the warships Columbia, Olympia, Marblehead, Montgomery, Atlanta, Boston, Raleigh, Cincinnati, Alert and Marion will have to be manned, requiring about 1,500 men, while only half that number is available. ——A sub-committee of the Senate Finance committee is at work on the Wilson Tariff bill. They are going to make a great many changes and the bill they present the full committee will be one for revenue and based upon the Walker bill. It is said that it will be very unlike the Wilson bill as it came from the House. ——Burglars blew open and robbed the safe of the bank at Deshler, Ohio. ——The three Jackson county, Ark., train robbers sentenced to be hanged, have been placed in the penitentiary for safe keeping instead of the county jail. ——Under the new internal revenue collector in Arkansas fifty blockade distilleries have been captured. ——The cruiser Raleigh will go into commission the first of April. ——Emperor William at a banquet recently profusely praised the Czar of Russia, declaring him to be a man of peace, like himself. ——Some fellow in Florida, pretending to be a State game keeper, tried to make a party of New Yorkers pay him $100 for "shooting alligators out of season." ——The corvette Kearsarge was wrecked on the 2nd inst. while on her way from a Haytien port to the Nicaraguan coast. All the officers and men were saved. ——The will of the late George W. Childs has been admitted to probate. He left his entire estate, valued at $200,000, to his wife absolutely. ——The effort to secure a caucus on the Bland Seigniorage bill has been abandoned by the Democrats of the House. Both sides are determined not to be bound by the action of a caucus. It may become a question of endurance. ——A French column near Timbuctoo has been annihilated by Touargs. ——The Supreme court of Kansas has decided the controversy between the Governor and Mrs. Lease in favor of the latter. ——Peter DeGraff was hanged in the presence of 4,000 people at Winston, N. C., Thursday. His crime was the killing of his sweetheart, Ellen Smith, in July, 1892. On the scaffold he exhibited no signs of nervousness and made a full confession of his guilt. He said whiskey, cards, bad women, etc., had brought him to that fate. ——At Columbia, Miss., the sheriff attempted to execute a negro convicted of a murder committed by white cappers. The rope broke and the negro was only slightly hurt. He was taken to Meridian and the Governor telegraphed the facts. ——At Port Hudson, La., a cyclone killed one person, wounded others and destroyed much property. ——The new Government bonds are being paid for in gold deposits to about 75 per cent. of the amount subscribed. ——The negro, Robinson, charged with criminal assault on a white woman, was tried, convicted and the death penalty imposed at Manassas last week. All through the trial the bar and other points in the court house were guarded by troops. ——The Kolbites and Third Party people of Alabama held a joint State convention and nominated a full State ticket, with Reuben F. Kolb at the head for Governor. ——Minister Thompson and Admiral Benham paid their respects to President Peixotto, of Brazil, on the 6th inst. ——Bradstreet's reports unfavorable features in merchandise lines. Resumptions of industrial establishments are largely in excess of the closings. The failures for the past week were 336, against 340 for the same time last year. What changes there is in commercial matters at the South is for the better. ——The sugar bounty this year will amount to about $13,000,000. ——Congressman Houk, of Ohio, dropped dead while visiting friends in Washington last week. ——Capt. W. F. Blake, of the schooner Annie E. Chase, committed suicide at Fernandina last week. A mistake in the delivery of a $6,000 cargo drove him to the deed. ——Chairman Cummings, of the House Naval committee, has finished his report on the Holman resolution as to excessive premiums paid to contractors for war-ships. He finds that there is no foundation for the charges. ——Many deaths from cholera are occurring at Warsaw. ——Last Thursday night train wreckers removed the rails on the Missouri, Kansas and Texas railroad at the high bridge at White Oak bay, Texas. Several cars of a passenger train were dashed down an embankment. A brakeman was sent back to flag down a freight train and was shot down from ambush. He is dying. The mail agent, baggage master and express agent were badly injured. ——It is rumored that the Richmond and Danville railroad will purchase the Atlantic and Danville road. ——The Purvis execution that proved a failure is causing much comment in Mississippi. Many people now think Purvis is innocent. The sheriff is holding for official information as to what to do with him. Opinion is divided as to what caused the mishap at the execution. ——Camp Hardee of Confederate Veterans, Birmingham, wants each camp to notify them how many delegates will attend the reunion in April. ——Much excitement was caused at Watkins, N. Y, by the closing of the First National bank "because the cashier had run away." ——The Newport News postoffice was burglarized last week.

The Holt Family, and North Carolina Cotton Mills.

Charlotte Observer.

For three quarters of a century it has been the fashion for Southern people to heroize and even idolize politicians and statesmen and ignore people—ever so successful people—in other occupations. This came from the fact that the South set its fate upon the cast of a die—the success or failure of the institution of slavery. Before she touched it, New England had tried it for more than a century and the south brought the institution from the North, a most execrable failure. To command subordination and respect at the same time required great physical courage and the people of the South developed this quality to a very high degree.

It required a generous amiability, combined with inflexible firmness, when occasion required, and these combined qualities were developed to an extent to make them notable characteristics of the Southern ante-bellum planter.

The business qualities of the Southern planter in the management of his plantation affairs were so commonly excellent that it never occurred to anybody to lay any stress on these qualities as special accomplishments. In view of the inability of the average Southern man to deal profitably with the colored brother as a free laborer on a farm it may seem strange that he could have been so successful as a farmer with slave labor, but it is nevertheless true.

The South made a great success of the institution of slavery and then staked everything upon its maintenance. As in time of war it is military men who are brought to the front, so in the political contest for the maintenance of the institution of slavery Southern men were made conspicuous as statesmen above those of all other occupations.

But the condition of civilization in the rest of the world was against slavery. Looking back it is plain that the contest for slavery was, from the beginning, a hopeless task. Yet in the face of all the odds the South held her own at Washington and against the adverse judgment of the chief nations of the earth so well and so long that the distinction of a Southern statesman was taught by men of the South above all other honors. The Southern press and many Southern people have not yet entirely given up this standard of Credit. But yet it is the other man, the successful manufacturer and the successful farmer, who has redeemed the South and to whom the South must look for future success, and not to the old-fashioned politicians.

There is one North Carolinian who stands one of the foremost amongst these redeemers of the South. It is the late Col. E. M. Holt, of Alamance. He successfully built to the post-bellum conditions, and the new order of things. He was never a politician; he never bartered his self respect in the days when it was profitable to do so; he worked in the spirit of a good citizen without any other aim than to do the best he knew how for his family and the community in which he lived. The result he accomplished became not only the foundation upon which his sons and daughters have builded fortunes, but he blazed out the way and opened up the path in which very many other North Carolinians have found the way to success. He demonstrated that cotton manufacture could be entirely successful in the South and he demonstrated further that a cotton mill could be built and made successful on a small capital of say fifty to one hundred thousand dollars. It is upon the foundation of these two facts demonstrated by him, that the cotton manufacturing interest in North Carolina has grown to such large proportions.

Col. Holt was born in January, 1807, in what was then Orange county. Alamance county was created later and was wholly or in part taken from Orange, which put the Holt farm in Alamance county. He died May 14th, 1884. He commenced life as a farmer and owned a few slaves, perhaps six or seven He raised some cotton but his chief crops were wheat and other cereals. His farm consisted of about four hundred acres and when the late war began he owned about seventy slaves and it is stated that they were always well kept and were as fine a set of negroes as was in the South.

He owned and conducted on his farm a country store, and he built a grist mill on Alamance creek, which was operated by water power, and at which he ground both corn and wheat. His farm, grist mill and store were all successful.

In 1832 he built on Alamance creek a small cotton mill. This factory was a frame building and he put into it about 1,200 spindles and made bunch yarns. He sent these yarns out in wagons and sold them to merchants in the country and adjoining towns. Danville, Va., was always a good market for them and it is presumed they were mostly used by country people who made cloth on hand looms at home and for home consumption. Later he added to his factory and commenced the manufacture of white cloth, and about 1850 he put in plaid looms and commenced the manufacture of what has since become distinctive as Alamance plaids or simply "Alamance". This factory was on Alamance creek and was never very large, as the water power was a small one. It burned in 1871 and was rebuilt the same year, in December, and is still in operation and still makes Alamance plaids.

He brought up at his home ten children, seven sons and three daughters. His surviving children have all become interested in manufactures and it is through them that the results of the work he started has developed to very large proportions.

After the war Col. Holt's interests continued to grow and he established at Charlotte a large mercantile business in which Col. Lewis Williams was associated with him and under whose charge the Charlotte business wass conducted. He was interested in the establishment at Charlotte of the Merchants and Farmers' National Bank, and later also in the establishment of the Commercial National Bank, and his sons have still large and important interests in this city, the banking of most of the factories owned now by the members of the Holt family being chiefly done here.

To follow the development of the factory interests which Col. Holt started, it becomes necessary to take up separately each member of the family, as it is through them that the work of development has been continued since his death.

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The eldest son was Mr. Alfred A. Holt, of Graham. He conducted a mercantile business in Graham and died there in 1827. His death occurred before the manufacturing interest was important and this son was never much interested in the manfacturing business.

The next son was Col. Thomas M. Holt, of Haw River, who did business for awhile at the Alamance farm where he was in close contact with his father's farming and manufacturing interests. Then he went to Philadelphia to acquire a broader knowledge of general business and was occupied as a salesman while he was there. Returning home he bought a farm and an old mill at Haw River, where he still lives and where he conducts a successful farm, and has also developed a large and successful cotton factory, in which there are about 10,000 spindles and over five hundred looms.

Besides conducting successfully his farming and manufacturing interests, he served at one time as president of the North Carolina Railroad, was for several years president of the North Carolina State agricultural Society, has been Governor of the State, and has filled other positions of honor and trust.

He was raised on a farm and is still a successful farmer. He has become also a successful manufacturer. These two things keep him in elbow touch with all classes of people and have helped to qualify him to better represent in public positions the interests of the farmer and the manufacturer with equal satisfaction to each.

Mr. Jas. H. Holt, the next son, commenced life as a merchant at Graham, then became cashier of a bank that was organized in that town just before the war. He went to the army and returning after the war, engaged in manufacturing with several of his brothers at the Carolina Mills on Haw River. These Carolina Mills are still in operation, having about 3,500 spindles and 70 looms.

In 1880, together with his brother, Wm. E., he built the Glencoe Mill on Haw river, which is now in operation, running 3,500 spindles and 190 looms, all on colored goods.

Next in order was Mr. Alexander Holt, who continued farming until middle life and then became interested in manufacturing with some of his nephews—sons of Jas. H. Holt. Mr. Alexander Holt died in 1892.

Next to Alexander came Miss Fannie A. Holt, now the wife of Dr. John Williamson, who lives in Graham. This branch of the family became interested with Mrs. Williamson's father in the Saxapahaw Mill, on Haw river, which is now owned and operated by the family. The factory has 5,000 spindles and 150 looms.

Mr. William E. Holt comes next. He commenced life at the old Alamance factory as a clerk in 1857. While in business there he, together with his brothers, built the Carolina and Glencoe Mills, already referred to. He also operated quite an extensive farm in Alamance county, and he has a large farm now in Davidson county. where he raises grass and grain chiefly. It is notable that almost all the Holt family, although having been so successful in manufacturing, coming of good farming stock, have lost none of their interest in farming.

Mr. Holt moved from Alamance to Lexington about seven years ago, where he built the Wenonah Mills, Nos. 1 and 2, having together about 9,000 spindles and 400 looms.

Mr. L. Banks Holt went to the war at seventeen years of age, fought through it to the end, and was wounded three times. Returning home he went to farming, raising live stock, hogs, cattle and horses to a large extent. He is still very fond of a good horse, having just paid $2,500 for a horse that caught his fancy. He has other valuable stock, some of his horses having cost even more than the above figure.

About eight years ago he, together with his brother Lawrence, built the Belmont Mill on Alamance creek near Graham, which has about 3,000 spindles and 120 looms. After building the Belmont he moved from his farm to Graham and built the Oneida Mill, having about 3,500 spindles and 257 looms, and has taken considerable stock in mills built by other members of the family. He operates an important mercantile business in Graham and Burlington.

Miss Mary E. Holt became the wife of Capt. Jas. N. Williamson, of Caswell county. Soon after marriage Capt. Williamson sold his farm and moved to Alamance county, embarking there in the cotton mill business with his wife's people. Mr. Williamson built the Ossipee Mill, near Elon College, and operates about 3.500 spindles and 160 looms. He has other interests in mills owned by members of the Holt family.

Miss Emma V. Holt married Capt. Jas. White, of Fort Mill, S. C. This family is interested in the Saxapahaw mill with the Williamsons, and has interests in other mills owned by some of the Holt family.

Lawrence S. Holt, the youngest son, commenced life as a clerk in his father's grocery store in Charlotte. After that he became interested in the old Alamance Mill with his brothers. About eight years ago he joined his brother Banks in building the Belmount Mill already referred to. A short time afterwards he sold his farm moved to Burlington, where he bought and added to the Aurora Mills, in which there are operated 3,500 spindles and 165 looms. He is also interested in the E. M. Holt Plaid Mills, of which he is president, and with Holt, Grant & Holt in a mill on Haw river. The E. M. Holt Plaid Mills operate 140 looms, and the Holt, Grant & Holt property, called the Altamahaw Mills, contains about 6,000 spindles and 200 looms.

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Coming now to the next generation, Col. T. M. Holt has two sons, Charles and T. M., Jr., both of whom are interested with their father at Haw River.

Charles T., Thomas M., Jr., A. W. Haywood and B. S. Robertson built at Haw River, in 1892, the mill of the Thomas M. Holt Manufacturing Company. This mill has 100 looms, which are operated on ginghams, and it will probably be increased in 1894 to contain about 5,000 spindles and 100 more looms.

Mr. Jas. H. Holt has six sons who are engaged in cotton manufacture. These are W. L. Holt, E. C. Holt, R. L. Holt, Jas. H. Holt, Jr., Samuel M. Holt and W. I. Holt. W. L. and E. C. Holt in 1886 built the Elmira Mill at Burlington which contains 3,500 spindles and 260 looms.

In 1893 the Lakeside Mill was built by W. L., E. C., Samuel M., and W. I Holt. This mill contains 3,000 spindles and 150 looms and is operated on plaids.

R. L., and Jas. H., Jr., built in 1891 the Windsor Mills, having 3,100 spindles and 160 looms, making also colored goods.

Miss Claude Holt, daughter of Mr. Wm. E. Holt married Mr. Robt. M. Oates, Jr., who was himself brought up in the cotton manufacturing business at the Charlotte Cotton Mill, owned by the Oates family. Oates now operates the Myrtle Knitting Mill at Charlotte.

Mr. William Williamson, son of Mrs. Mary Holt Williamson, together with Mr. Omega Foster, a son-in-law, built the Pilot Mill at Raleigh, having about 3,000 spindles and 140 looms, which they now operate on colored goods.

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It is very common to hear that new cotton mills must be large to be able to compete. It is one of the common arguments urged against this section as a manufacturing section that the capital cannot be raised to build mills large enough to survive against the big mills in New England. Yet it will be noted that all the mills built by the Holts have been small ones to start with, having about 3,500 spindles, and a corresponding complement of looms. These mills have cost from about eighty to one hundred thousand dollars each, and every one of them has been successful. Therefore, in making repeated successes of cotton manufacturing with small mills, many of which have become large ones, the results become advantageous, not alone to them but to the whole South in showing that a factory can be built and successfully operated with an amount of capital that it would be possible for any ordinary Southern town to raise.

Literary Notes.

Mr. John Bonner, the author of *A Child's History of France* and other works, has written *A Child's History of Spain*, which will appear from the press of Harper & Brothers next week.

The Mystery of Abel Forefinger, by William Drysdale, a boy's story of a cruise among the West Indies, is announced for publication next week in the "Harper's Young People Series." Its heroes are two American youths who become lost in a Nassau jungle, fall into the hands of Cuban bandits, have a ride on a runaway car down a Mexican mountain, encounter a St. Kitts hurricane, explore Robinson Crusoe's island, and have other delightfully thrilling adventures on sea and land.

A new volume of short stories by Thomas Hardy will issue from the press of Harper & Brothers on February 16. These tales are eighteen in number, and grouped under the title *Life's Little Ironies*. They include "The Son's Veto," "For Conscience' Sake," On the Western Circuit," "The Fiddler of the Reels," "the Superstitious Man's Story," 'Absent-mindedness in a Parish Choir," and the volume closes with "Netty Sargent's Copyhold."

Mr. Brander Matthews has collected his *Studies of the Stage* into a volume shortly to be published in the "Harper's American Essayists Series." Among the nine subjects treated are "The Dramatization of Novels," "The Dramatic Outlook in America," "The Old Comedies," "A Plea for Farce," and "the Players," the club which Edwin Booth founded for followers of Art, Literature, and the Drama.

Not So Green.

The lobbyist was having his first round with a new member of the Legislature of a Western State, and the member was considered by the lobbyist as a sucker that was almost too easy.

"My dear sir," said the member after reading over the bill presented by the lobbyist, "I can see no reason why I should vote for this bill."

"But there are reasons why," insisted the lobbyist.

"No doubt, sir; no doubt, but I can't see them."

The lobbyist cautiously laid a $100 bill on the table and watched the solon.

"Um—er—ah," hesitated the member, "that is a reason, perhaps: but doesn't a microscope go with it?" and the lobbyist was compelled to magnify several diameters.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Origin of "Stonewall's" Name.

Charlotte Observer.]

I write you a few lines to set at rest, if possible, for your readers, the historic fact of how Jackson got the soubriquet of "Stonewall." Gen. D. H. Hill, in his article in the Century Magazine for this month, in a paragraph quoted by you in the Observer of yesterday, states that the story of this name having originated from a remark of Gen. Bee at the battle of Bull Run is a "fabrication." He does not profess to know anything about it personally, nor to suggest how otherwise it originated, but contents himself with whistling that story down the wind because that name does not seem to him a fitting characterization of Jackson. Hudibras says: "No argument like matter of fact is," and this is purely a question of fact.

I now state positively of my own personal knowledge that in the afternoon of July 21st, 1861, in the heat of the battle of Bull Run, Gen. Barnard E. Bee commanding our brigade, galloped up to the *remnant* of the Fourth Alabama Regiment, in which I was then a lieutenant, and which had then lost all three of its field officers and one third of its men, including many of its line officers, and which was so cut to pieces that Bee seemed not to recognize us at first, and he asked the question, "What regiment is this?" We answered him, "The Fourth Alabama." At that time the heaviest masses of the Federals had so inclined to our left as to leave us comparatively unengaged, with little more than a skirmish line in our immediate front: but Jackson and his brigade, who were in position on high ground about 500 yards to our left, were being assailed by mighty masses of the enemy who surged forward like angry waves against Jackson's line which was holding fast to its ground like an immovable rock, despite the terrific onslaughts. Oh! the sublimity of that scene! the shouting of the combatants! the thunder of guns that shook the earth! It makes my blood tingle and my heart swell to think of it. It was plainly the crisis of the day. Bee then said to us, "Men can you make a charge of bayonets?" To which our poor battered regiment still had the pluck to respond, "Yes, general; we'll go wherever you lead and do whatever you say." Bee then pointed to the conflict going on upon the elevated ground to our left and said: "*Yonder stands Jackson like a Stonewall*. Let's go to his assistance." I, myself, was there and heard the words; and so did the regiment, and many of them are yet alive to verify the fact. Ask Hon. James T. Jones, ex-Congressman of Marengo county, and Prof. W. C. Ward, of Dallas county, Ala., and any other survivors who were present at that time.

Gen. Bee at once placed himself at our left and led the Fourth Alabamians towards Jackson's position. During that movement of ours Alburtis' Battery was compelled to fall back, and galloped right through our ranks, production considerable disorder among us. But Bee pressed on with that part of our regiment which could see and keep with him and joined Jackson's right, and very soon a charge forward was made against the enemy in which Bee himself fell, mortally wounded, leading his Fourth Alabamians.

After the battle the story of what was said and done by everybody in it was of course the staple of talk throughout the camps, and so the remark of Bee about Jackson was spoken of and became known, and fame's trumpet caught the word, proclaimed it to mankind and made it immortal.

Bee, when he said it, was not thinking of making a critical analysis of Jackson's character; he was speaking in fact of his brigade as well as himself, and paying a deserved compliment both to them and their commander. But it was no misnomer of Jackson; for certainly the readers of Hill's own article referred to above will agree that immovable firmness and tenacity of purpose was one of his most notable traits.

WM. M. ROBBINS.

Statesville, Feb. 3, 1894.

A Woman's Handkerchief.

A woman's handkerchief is so closely identified with her that it seems a part of her presence, and both in fact and fiction, particularly fiction, it frequently figures among the keepsakes of the ardent lover. We have all thrilled at its discovery upon the breast of the wounded hero. It is simply indispensable to every condition of women. If she is nervous, she toys with it; enthusiastic, she applauds with it; tearful, it is her friend indeed. Moreover, in seeking either to stop a street car or beckon her lover, it is her signal. In the latter capacity it contributed largely toward bringing about one of the most renowned tragedies of our own times.—*Phil. Times.*

A Revolutionary House.

Washington Evening Star.

I saw in one of the North Carolina papers a clipping from your valuable sheet, which is generally full of interesting items. The one I have reference to is an article you published some time ago about the oldest person now living in the United States, who is a negro. He claims to have been born in Chatham county, N. C., but was carried to Missouri by his master and is living at Osage City, and is known as "Uncle Hopes." It is stated that "he recalls with great pride that he once held the horse of Gengeral Greene, of Revolutionary fame." Reading of this centenarian and Gen. Greene brings to my mind another historical relic that Chatham county, N. C., can boast of. It is a picturesque old place near the little town of Pittsboro, Chatham county, N. C., which Lord Cornwallis made his headquarters after the celebrated battle at Guilford Court between his forces and those of Gen. Greene, March 15, 1781. In the spacious hall of this old house some of Cornwallis' soldiers cut their names, monograms and initials. One of his officers, Col. Webster, was badly wounded when he was brought there. His wounds bled on the floor, and the stains are pointed out to those who go there now. The inside of the house is built of the heart of the oak, and is still in a perfect state of preservation, the nails are wrought iron, and it is said were brought from England.

This old place has been owned by the same family for two generations. The present owner is Mrs. Catherine de Rossett Hill, daughter of the late Judge John D. Toomer, and a grand daughter of Brig. Gen. James Moore, who was on General Washington's staff, and a lineal descendant of Sir John Yeaman, who figured so conspicuously in the reign of Charles the Second. One of the lady managers of the world's fair from North Carolina, Mrs. Geo. Kidder, is a niece of the present owner. The town near this old place is quite popular as a summer resort, and visitors never tire of looking over this quaint old revolutionary house. It stands just as it did over a century ago, with its grand old trees and beautiful lawns. Nothing has been changed about the premises, not even the cooking stove has been introduced in the kitchen, the old fashioned fireplace, with the crane and hooks and ovens being used. The mantelpieces in the house are six feet high, with large fireplaces below and beautiful brass andirons and fenders. The whole place has an air of antiquity. Even the servants are old time slaves.

Policemen in Paris.

Philadelphia Press.

The Parisian municipal police, which cost the city 200,000,000 of francs every year, number about 10,000, besides 6,000 gardes republicaines, horse and foot. These are divided into 20 brigades, one for each district of the city. There is a great difference between the officees of the down town swell districts and those further out and in less wealth sections. In the American quarter and along the Boulevard des Italians and the Ruelle Rivali, so much frequented by foreigners, most of the police understand English, and the befogged and hazy individual who has been "doing" the sights of Paris in the evening, and who cannot speak French, will not find so much difficulty, after all, in making his devious way back to the hotel in the dawn. Very generally, too, the Parisian police are uniformly unobstrusive, and unless needed attend strictly to their own business. They are kind and polite, always ready and willing to set one right or to escort a woman across a street, and they all carry in their pockets street and business directories for the stranger's use.

"Here's to the maiden of bashful fifteen,
And here's to the widow of forty!"

They have each reached a period in life when most females need assistance in tiding them over the shoals which so often completely wreck their after lives. In producing regularity and healthy action of the female organs, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription stands without a peer. At a time when nature gives them increased burdens, so many young girls have their health for life shattered. If you wish your daughter to miss those periodical, agonizing backaches, and dizzy headaches, languid and tired feelings, accompanied with rough, pimply skin and dull, heavy eyes, get her a bottle of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. If you have reached the later period of danger and weakness, you will need a bottle, too. See wrapper on bottle for printed guarantee. Satisfaction given in every case or money returned.

Watching the Hour-glass.

As a miser counts his gold, night and day,
So I count the minutes told in the glass;
My eye is dim, my hair is thin and gray,
And I know I'm growing old as they pass.

When we approach "the sere and yellow leaf" of our days, we are prone to look back regretfully. A clear conscience and sound health will lighten our gloomy reflections. Health is the greatest blessing—Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery the greatest medicine. It arrests the progress of lung and scrofulous diseases, and cures consumption, or Lung-scrofula, if taken in time. It is the king of liver invigorators and blood-purifiers, and a powerful tonic, building up the debilitated patient to perfect health Contains no alcohol

Coughing

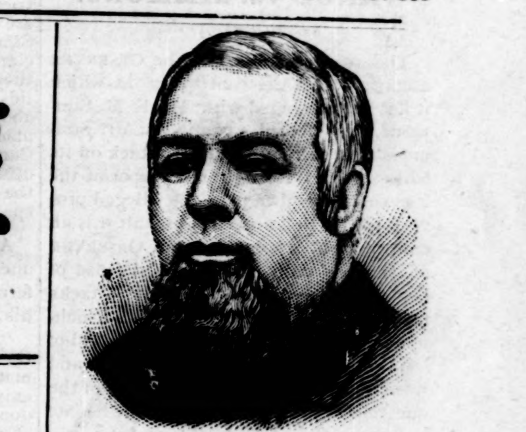
leads to Consumption. Stop the Cough, heal the Lungs and strengthen the System with

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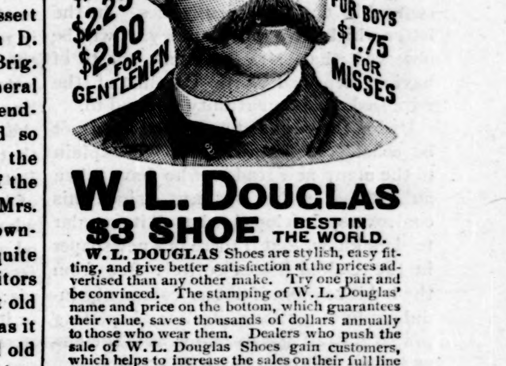
For thirty-eight years Capt. Loud followed the sea, most of that time as master of a vessel, and upon retiring from the water was appointed by the Secretary of the United States Treasury to superintend the seal fisheries in Alaska, which position he held five years. He relates one experience as follows:

"For several years I had been troubled with general nervousness and pain in the region of my heart. My greatest affliction was sleeplessness; it was almost impossible at any time to obtain rest and sleep. Having seen Dr. Miles' remedies advertised I began using Nervine. After taking a small quantity the benefit received was so great that I was positively alarmed, thinking the remedy contained opiates which would finally be injurious to me; but on being assured by the druggist that it was perfectly harmless, I continued it together with the Heart Cure. Today I can conscientiously say that Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and New Heart Cure did more for me than anything I had ever taken. I had been treated by eminent physicians in New York and San Francisco without benefit. I owe my present good health to the judicious use of these most valuable remedies, and heartily recommend them to all afflicted as I was."—Capt. A. P. Loud, Hampden, Me.

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THE OBSERVER.

Established in 1825 by E. J. Hale, Sr.

E. J. HALE, Editor and Proprietor.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., FEB'Y 15, 1894.

VANCE vs. SIMMONS.

RETROSPECTIVE.

The regular readers of the OBSERVER are aware that the controversy in which it has been engaged with Mr. F. M. Simmons, was forced upon it by Mr. Simmons's slanderous personal attack on its editor in his Raleigh newspaper of the issue of November 3d. The alleged provocation for that unseemly assault was an editorial that appeared in the OBSERVER of October 12th, written in defense of Senator Vance against certain attacks made upon him by Mr. Simmons's henchmen. It was an article entirely devoid of anything beyond political criticism, and was chiefly devoted to a discussion of the question of the prerogatives of the Senate in the matter of Federal appointments. Mr. Simmons's reply through his agent, Mr. Josephus Daniels, was so violent and of such a personal nature—even descending to criticism of the gait and dress of the editor of the OBSERVER—that people naturally wondered what could be at the bottom of it all. It did not appear that the matter had any relation to the Clinton convention, for while several of our contemporaries—the Wilmington Review and the Wilmington Messenger, particularly—had reprehended Mr. Simmons in very severe terms, holding him chiefly reponsible for the disloyal action of that convention, the OBSERVER had made excuses for him and held the officials of the convention responsible. Besides, the editor of the OBSERVER, though Mr. Simmons was a stranger to him, had received a friendly and very complimentary letter from Mr. Simmons, viz: on the 31st of August, 1892. He had himself, in recognition of this apparently kindly act of Mr. Simmons, paid Mr. Simmons the compliment (as he then thought it) of requesting his co-operation in the effort which the merchants of the great cities had inaugurated for bestowing upon a North Carolinian the unprecedented honor of the Consul Generalship at London. This is a post controlling such enormous commercial interests, in fact, three fourths of all the commercial interests of the United States, that it had never before been accorded to other than a representative of those interests as centred in the said great cities. In the letter which we publish to-day, it will be observed that Mr. Simmons boasts of having deprived North Carolina of the unprecedented opportunity referred to.

Under the circumstances, we must not be considered immodest if we explain to the many new readers who have taken an interest in the OBSERVER since this controversy developed, what all its regular readers know, that if there is a newspaper in the United States entirely free from the habit so often if not so commonly indulged in of puffiing itself and quoting praise of itself and its editor, it is the OBSERVER. But in order to divert attention from the real, the public, merits of the case, Mr. Simmons and his henchmen have persistently forced the personal issue upon the editor of the OBSERVER, as any careful reader of the public prints will see, and it is in defense—indispensable defense, only—that the personal references which have appeared in this paper and which may appear to-day, have been resorted to. As the whole case is now going before the proper tribunal at Washington, we trust we shall be spared further trouble of the kind.

VANCE VERSUS SIMMONS.

Elsewhere we give the letter of Senator Vance to the Asheville Citizen, stating his reasons for opposing Mr. Simmons, and Mr. Simmons's reply. The former, a short but powerful production that will bear a dozen readings, is generally accepted as settling the question of Mr. Simmons's rejection. The latter is as widely held to be weak and apologetic It is, however, much more than that. It is the very smartest thing Mr. Simmons could have written under the circumstances. He is a man of great versatility in these matters, and unless much experience have taught the reader his methods, he will make a passable showing under the worst circumstances.

See, for example, with what gentle, yet not undignified deprecation, he says now:

"Senator Vance says my tone has been defiant and insulting to him. He has been misinformed. I have neither privately nor publicly given forth any utterance which could make me amenable to this charge."

And then recall this "ntterance," publicly given forth two weeks ago:

[Special to Wilmington Messenger of January 30.]

RALEIGH, Jan. 29.—Collector Simmons was told to-day that the statement was made that Senator Vance had filed charges against him with the sub-committee at Washington three weeks ago, and was asked what he had to say about it. In his reply he said:

"I do not believe it, because Senator Vance has repeatedly said he had no charges to make and would make none, and one of these statements was made within three weeks to a distinguised North Carolinian, and also because I have made inquiry of Senator Ransom to ascertain if any charges had been preferred, and I have his reply dated January 23, in which he says:

"There is positively nothing here touching your honor. Some charges have been presented to the Finance committee to try and excite Republican prejudiee against you. They consist of one affidavit by John B. Hussey to the effec that he, as a newspaper man, was present when you, Auditor Furman and Judge Avery fixed up a secret circular, also affidavits each from one Wray and one Malloy, Republicans of Rockingham county, that in consequence of that circular Republicans were denied registration and voting in that county, and also a letter of Charles A Cook of Warren county, stating that Republicans at some precincts in that county were wrongfully deprived of the right of registration and voting. This is the whole case."

"There is l terally nothing, nothing in the charges—nothing whatever."

The secret circular to which Senator Ransom refers is a letter sent by Mr Simmons before the election to all county chairmen in the State advising them of the construction placed by the State Supreme court in the new registration laws and instructing them to see that the Democrats were registered accordingly to the requirements of that decision. The Hussey referred to is the Washington correspondent of Marion Butler's paper, the Caucasian, under the *nom de plume* of Jonathan Edwards. Ray and Malloy are Settle Republicans—were his managers in the last campaign and are persons who are said to have manipulated the noted Rockingham trade against ex-Congressman Williams. Mr. Cook was President Harrison's district attorney in this district. If there are other charges they have eluded Mr. Simmons's efforts to find them. He declares that the persons who assert that they exist ought to give them to the public and that if Senator Vance made the above charges that the fact ought to be made known to the Democrats of North Carolina, and that, further, if he has made other charges it is due Mr. Simmons and the Democratic party that they should be specifically informed of them.

And then this, about the same time, by one of the "anonymous scribblers" referred to by Senator Vance as writing in his interest:

"Feeling against Senator Vance, for the course he is pursuing in regard to the matter of Simmons' confirmation, is deepening daily. There is some plain talking done. It is heard on all sides. The Senator will be quite sure to hear something drop, and that very hard, if he tries to keep up his present methods."

And then the insulting statement which he made through the Newbern Journal that Vance was holding up Simmons only for the purpose of "operating" on Elias, and which the Senator authorized us to pronounce "false and malicious." And the vile epithet "Vance, the Traitor," used by one of his henchmen. And "Come out from behind the Door," by another. And so on, and so on.

So, too, let the reader recall the apolojetic and almost abject tone of his letter to chairman Kenan when he was facing the angry Messenger, Review, and Charlotte Observer in the campaign of '92, and compare that with the airy way in which he dismisses the whole subject in his secret letter to Chairman Harrity about Mr. Hale, now unearthed, and reprinted herewith, marked A.

TRICKS THAT ARE VAIN.

The foregoing illustrates one of Mr. Simmons's methods. Another is to scatter over his letters disconnected parts of the same subject. For example, under the head B, will be found his statement of the rejection of the Chicago platform by the Clinton convention. But this fact was only ascertained from his letter of explanation to Chairman Kenan by connecting two widely disconnected parts of that letter. Another example of the same method will be found in his present letter in reply to Senator Vance. He refers to the $50,000 place in the first part of his letter. When he recurs to the subject 47 lines below, and then 18 lines further on, the impression is, of course. produced that he is referring to the same thing. But the $50,000 place had been disposed of long before. So it will be seen with what versatility he uses this second method as well as the first: It serves to make a record of a truth he wishes to conceal, viz: the rejection of the Chicago platform; or it conveys an untruth he cannot afford to state baldly, viz: that it was the $50,000 place he was talking with Mr. Quincy about.

And so on. With a proper lexicon, Mr. Simmons's letter becomes a very impotent thing, indeed.

WAYS THAT ARE DARK.

With respect to Mr. Gudger, we have understood that Mr. Simmons boasted of having "knocked him out." But this, necessarily, was *after* the deed was done. He did not warn Senator Vance that he was going to "knock him out," in order that he might then boast.

With respect to the place referred to by Senator Vance as "virtually secured" for another of his friends, it will be proved, if Mr. Simmons will submit to an investigation, that the Brazillian mission was offered by Mr. Quincy to that friend, and declined by him; that the Turkish mission was then offered to the said gentleman; that that offer was accepted; that the nomination for the said Turkish mission was withheld when it was on the very point of being made; and that it was withheld, and a Texan appointed instead, upon the sudden springing of Mr. Simmons's Harrity letter, which we give in another column. A Washington correspondent of the Greensboro Patriot says that a "Potent Influence" backed the falsehoods contained in the Harrity letter, and no doubt the investigation will reveal the identity of this dark lantern person.

The Charlotte Observer well says that if Mr. Simmons *went to Washington*—that is, left his own official residence, and invaded that of the Senators—and interfered with Senator Vance's appointments, he did what he had no right to do, and especially if he acted in an underhanded way. It appears, by his own confession, that he did both—his published letter of November 21, 1892, saying that he would do nothing in the matter of recommendations to office without the approval and consent of the Senators, being calculated to throw Senator Vance off his guard if he had ever anticipated Mr. Simmons's interference.

It may be added that Mr. Simmons's slanderous letter to Mr. Harrity was written but a few days before he wrote to Mr. Hale the friendly and complimentary letter of August 31, heretofore published by us. It was in recognition of the latter that Mr. Hale felt it encumbent upom himself to take Mr. Simmons into his confidence respecting the London place, by writing to ask his co operation. By not replying to this request, Mr. Simmons lost the opportunity of informing Mr. Hale of his having written the slanderous Harrity letter—the existence of which, it will now be seen, would have conflicted with a letter of praise intended for *public* use.

In this connection, it is important to note that the party "harmony" which Mr. Simmons declares was his only object in disparaging Mr. Hale when he went to Washington, would have been more certain of attainment (from his view) if he had notified Senator Vance and Mr. Hale of his intended action, as an honorable man would have done.

Finally, Mr. Simmons proves too much in saying that the $50,000 place would have absorbed all the patronage in this line that North Carolina was entitled to $50,000 would have absorbed all that both Virginia and North Carolina are entitled to, and therefore should have been greedily accepted as a matter of State pride. As a matter of fact, however, only the salary of $5,000 would have been charged against the State's quota for the London $50,000 place, just as if it were the most insignificant of $5,000 places. London and Liverpool were both held by the small State of Connecticut in 1885–9, besides minor places. But Connecticut did not contain within her borders a Chairman Simmons.

THE CHARGES AGAINST MR. SIMMONS

The following are the charges against Mr. Simmons, which were published in the Observer of January 18th as those filed for the Observer by Senator Vance:

Charge 1. Deliberate betrayal of his political trust as Chairman of a State Executive Committee.

Charge 2. Conduct unbecoming a gentleman and an official of the Government.

Incredible as it may seem to those unacquainted with Mr. Simmons's methods, his blustering demand of Senator Vance two weeks ago that he produce the charges filed by him, if those he filed were not the Republican and Populist charges, has been followed by utter silence on this point by Mr. Simmons. No amount of nagging by the Observer has sufficed to induce him to accept the result of his own challenge and publish the Observer's charges, filed, at the Observer's request, by Senator Vance. In harmony with this, he does not even notice Senator Vance's statement that he also opposes Mr. Simmons on "grounds connected with his unfitness to hold the position for which he has been appointed."

HOW THE MACHINE IS FED.

We have several times in to-day's leading article referred to Mr. Simmons's "henchmen." We used the expression advisedly. The Wilmington Messenger recently published the statement that Mr. Simmons had paid Mr. Josephus Daniels $100 per week during the campaign, out of the public funds entrusted to him, in order to start and keep that bolter's new paper on its legs. We have not seen that the charge has been denied. It may become a subject of inquiry in the coming investigation at Washington whether some of Mr. Simmons's "anonymous scribblers" have not been similarly subsidized. The statement of the Messenger explains what had before been hidden, viz: the reason for Mr. Josephus Daniels' outbreak in behalf of Mr. Simmons, and the motive for its virulence. Thus are the innocent contributions of the rank and file of the Democracy perverted from their public purpose to the base end of building up a personal machine, that the people's will may also be perverted by buying up their acquiescence, with their own money, through the dissemination of false news!

ONCE FOR ALL.

We regret to observe that some one, we presume in the absence of our old friend of the Wilmington Review, has secured the insertion in that Democratic journal of one Mr. Simmons's false statements about the editor of the Observer. viz: that he had lived but little in North Carolina. We have to say, once for all, that—as everybody but the new people in North Carolina know—Mr. Hale has been a citizen* of North Carolina for forty-seven of his fifty-four years of life; and that, a year befor Mr. Simmons was ever heard of in North Carolina politics, Mr. Hale's political status, as for services rendered, was fixed by the following document:

(From Files of State Dep't, Washington.)

[Petition under resolution of the Caucus, 1885.]

To His Excellency, Grover Cleveland, President of the United States:

SIR:—*We, the Senators and Democratic Members of the House for North Carolina, in the Congress of the United States, earnestly request that you will appoint Mr. E. J. Hale of North Carolina, Minister to Belgium, Netherlands or Sweeden and Norway.

Z. B. Vance,
M. W. Ransom,

R. T. Bennett,	6th	District.
Wm. H. H. Cowles,	8th	"
F. C. Skinner,	1st	"
Thos. D. Johnston,	9th	"
John S. Henderson,	7th	"
Wm. R. Cox,	4th	"
Wharton J. Green,	3rd	"
Jas W. Reid,	6th	"

* This was the only diplomatic appointment asked for by the delegation, such being the resolve of the caucus.

The foregoing, as will be seen, was not a mere signed petition, but an act by vote of the caucus acting as a deliberative body. What traitors to their solemn trust must have been Senators Vance and Ransom, and Congressmen Bennett, Cowles, Skinner, Johnston, Henderson, Cox, Green and Reid, if Mr. Simmons have but a suggestion of the truth on his side!

[* It may be useful to add that Mr. Hale has also been a resident of North Carolina for the forty-seven years of his citizenship, except when representing North Carolina in the public service including one year's absence *necessarily* incident thereto See Observer of November 9, 1893.]

Vance's Letter.

TAMPA BAY HOTEL,
TAMPA, FLA., Feb. 5, 1894.

EDITOR THE CITIZEN:—In answer to your letter of the 1st I have this to say: You know that in all transactions connected with the executive session of the Senate, including what is said and done in committee, my mouth is closed. I am at liberty, therefore, only to speak to you about my own attitude towards Mr. Simmons. what has not been done, etc., but not as to what has been done or probably will be done.

I want to say, first, that for myself and on my own authority I have filed no charges against Simmons Aside from those which may have been filed by others, my attitude towards him is one of opposition, for the reason that, as chairman of the Democratic committee of North Carolina, he came to Washington and interfered in opposition to my recommendations. Knowing that Mr. Ransom and I had agreed that primarily I should recommend all appointments in the west, whilst Gen. Ransom did the same in the east; and knowing that I had recommended Mr. Gudger for collector in my own district, and that Gen. Ransom opposed Mr. Gudger on *personal* grounds and favored Mr. Elias, he perverted and misused the power intrusted to him by the Democracy of North Carolina by *urging* and securing the appointment of Mr. Elias over Gudger.

He also opposed my recommendation of Mr. Hale for a foreign appointment, which was virtually secured and was higher in grade than any given the State.

Now, if he thought proper to volunteer his interference where he had no right or authority *to do so*, he should not object to the exercise of an undoubted right, by a Senator in the selection of appointments, bestowed upon him by the Constitution.

To save trouble to the anonymous scribblers who are constantly slandering me in this regard and who report him as speaking of himself as "Simmons and the Democratic party," I announce, once for all, that I resent not only Simmons' interference with my rights as a Senator, but the insulting and defiant tone assumed by both him and them. I shall oppose Mr. Simmons' confirmation on personal as well as public grounds—grounds connected with his unfitness to hold the position for which he has been appointed.

My health is improving rapidly in this fine climate, and I hope soon to be in my seat in the Senate.

Very truly yours, Z. B. VANCE.

Mr. Simmons's Reply.

RALEIGH, N. C., Feb. 10.

To the Editor of the News Observer-Chronicle:

Senator Vance, in a letter to the Asheville Citizen, dated February 5, 1894, and published in your issue of yesterday, declared himself opposed to my confirmation for the alleged reason that as Chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee of this State, I went to Washington and interferred with and defeated the appointment of Mr. Hale to a high grade foreign position, and of Mr. Gudger for Collector of Internal Revenue, and secured the appointment in his stead of Mr. Elias whom he antagonized. In view of this specific and public statement by the Senator of the grounds of his opposition to my confirmation, I am constrained to believe it proper for me to make a statement of my connection with the appointments referred to by him that those interested may judge whether I have transcended my rights on the one hand or usurped the prerogative of the Senator on the other.

Both as a citizen and as Chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee, I was on account of their acknowledged fitness and eminent party services, ardently in favor of the appointment of Mr. Glenn for Attorney of the Western district and of Messrs. Jernigan, Robbins and Henry for the best obtainable positions in the foreign service of the government. Some of these gentlemen had appealed to me in very urgent terms to go to Washington in their behalf. I cheerfully yielded to their solicitations in this respect because I thought they deserved the recognition they sought as a reward for honorable and faithful public services, and I felt they had the right to call upon me as the Chairman of the Executive Committee of their party to assist them to that end, to such extent as I might be able. I was opposed, as was also Senator Vance, to Mr. Elias for District Attorney, but I was not opposed to Mr. Gudger for collector. I had taken no part in the contest for the latter position, and the appointment of Mr. Gudger would have been entirely satisfactory to me. Mr. Hale had requested me to endorse him for the position of Consul General to London, a position which pays about $50,000 per annum, I am informed, and I had not complied with his request, because I did not think him entitled to absorb all the patronage in this service which might be accorded to North Carolina. This was the position which I occupied with reference to these gentlemen when I called upon Mr. Cleveland and the Assistant Secretary of State Josiah Quincy. I had had no communication with Senator Ransom concerning the appointment of either Gudger or Hale, and did not then know his attitude towards them nor towards Elias, except that he was opposed to him for District Attorney. When I went to the White House I did not expect to allude to the contest over the collectorship. I went simply to advocate Mr. Glenn and the other gentlemen first named and did so with warmth and ardor. I spoke of Mr. Glenn's opponent, Mr. Elias, in such high terms of praise as I thought then, and now think him entitled to receive. When Mr. Gudger was mentioned, I spoke of him in equally as high terms of praise. I became satisfied however, before the interview closed, that the President would appoint Mr. Elias, either District Attorney or Collector, and in response to a question I expressed the opinion that there was a more general crystalization of sentiment in favor of Mr. Glenn for District Atterney than there was for Mr. Gudger for Collector, there being at that time quite a number of strong candidates for the latter position and for this reason, I expressed the belief that there would be greater disappointment in the party if Mr. Glenn failed to receive the position of District Attorney than there would be if Mr. Gudger was not appointed Collector. I did not advocate the appointment of Mr. Elias nor oppose the appointment of Mr. Gudger for Collector.

In all I did and said in this behalf I was actuated by no thought or purpose of antagonism to Senator Vance or favoritism to Senator Ransom, for I then regarded both of them as my friends, but I was moved and influenced purely and simply by what I thought to be my duty to the party in the interest of harmony and right.

With reference to Mr. Hale and his aspirations for a high grade foreign appointment, I will state generally and briefly, that I have never advocated him for any position, and I have in the exercise of my right of personal opinion at all times denied his claim to precedence over all other North Carolinians in the distribution of the foreign patronage of the government.

During the conference with the President (I have had but one with him since the election) the claims of Jernigan, Robbins and Henry were discussed, but nothing was said about Mr. Hale. During my stay in Washington on this visit I called upon Assistant Secretary Quincy twice, once of my own accord and the second time at his suggestion.

On the occasion of my first visit, made solely for the purpose of urging the recognition of Messrs. Jernigan, Robbins and Henry, I was told by him that it had been suggested and claimed that Mr. Hale ought to have the next best place in the foreign service given to North Carolina. From this claim I dissented and expressed the opinion that he was not entitled to precedence over such gentlemen as Robbins, Jernigan and Henry, and that it would be unjust to set aside the men who had borne the heat and burden of the fight, then just ended in victory, for Mr. Hale. I knew of nothing in his political career which entitled him to such paramount consideration and I believed and said if he were appointed over these gentlemen it would create great dissatisfaction in the party. In taking this position I acted from a sense of duty to the party and without feelings personal to any one. This is the sum of the facts of my so-called interference with these appointments. Senator Vance says my tone has been defiant and insulting to him. He has been misinformed. I have neither privately nor publicly given forth any utterance which could make me amenable to this charge. I have no desire to make an issue with Senator Vance regarding my right to express an opinion to the President, whether of advocacy or opposition to the claims of an aspirant from this State for a Federal position requiring senatorial confirmation. That is not the issue made by the facts in this case. But I do insist and maintain that I had a perfect right to do what I did, and that in doing it, I did not in fact, (as I certainly did not in intent), either usurp or invade the rights of the Senators from this State.

Yours truly, F. M. SIMMONS.

A

[From Mr. Simmons's newspaper of November 24 1893.]

(Copy.) AUGUST 19, 1892.

Hon. W. F. Harrity, Chairman, 139 5th Av. New York.

DEAR SIR:—I have your favor of 16th inst., enclosing letter from Mr. E. J. Hale, of Fayetteville, N. C., and extracts from his paper; and in reply, beg to say I believe every Democrat in the State except Mr. Hale, and every newspaper in the State, except the Fayetteville *Observer*, is satisfied that the outcome of the Congressional Convention of the Third District was the best possible under the circumstances. I think it unnecessary to go into a detailed explanation of that matter, but I will say that the gentleman nominated by the convention for Congress, Mr. Grady, present Democratic member of the House from that district, is as ardent and thorough-going a Cleveland man as there is in North Carolina. The gentleman nominated as Elector, Mr. Shaw, is not only a strong Cleveland man, but one of the strongest men intellectually in his district, and the two nominations gave entire satisfaction to the Democracy.

[A Congressional and an Electoral nominee who would cast their (individual) votes for Cleveland would have been of no value against the 40,000 votes which the Weaver Elector would, in effect, have cast, if the fusion in his behalf, arranged by Mr. Simmons, had been suffered to continue.—ED. OBS.]

The difficulty about that convention was that the delegates to it were appointed before our early State Convention of the 18th of May, before Mr. Cleveland's nomination, and before the Third Party movement in this State had assumed definite shape, and unfortunately it was discovered when too late that a majority of them were Third Partyites, but nevertheless regularly accredited delegates to this convention, and it was impossible to eject them. Our fight, therefore, was for the practical results of the convention; seeking, if possible, to gain these results for the party without disclosing the fact that we were a minority in the convention. We got them all, and the platform which was adopted, while not what we desired, contained in it nothing which we thought obnoxious to the principles of the party as enunciated in our State and National platforms.

Mr. Shaw will get as many votes as any man on the Electoral Ticket in this State, and we see no reason to believe that Mr. Cleveland will not run as well as the State ticket. Certainly, there is no one in the State who is not putting forth every effort to accomplish that happy result, except, possibly, Mr. Hale and the Fayetteville *Observer*.

Now, as to Mr. Hale, I desire to say that he has lived but little in North Carolina. His father was a native of this State and a man of high repute. The younger Mr. Hale left the State in early manhood, and returned only a few months before Mr. Cleveland's election; got charge of a Fayetteville newspaper, and after Mr. Cleveland was elected, through Senator Vance, moved, no doubt, by the prestige of his father, secured an appointment from Mr. Cleveland. After Mr. Cleveland's administration came to an end he was removed, remained away from North Carolina until about eight months ago when he returned, again got possession of the Fayetteville *Observer*, an dnow desires to make himself superserviceable. He is a "crank" of the first water, and only desires to impress Mr. Cleveland with the idea that he alone in North Carolina is championing his cause. He is doing great harm, and his motive is transparent to any one.

I did not deem it necessary to make even this much explanation in reply to his letter, but have done it that you may see the objects of this man who is now only a thorn in the side of the Democratic party of the State.

I am glad to say to you that the fight in North Carolina is going bravely on. I have never known our people to put forth such tremendous efforts as they are now doing, and we have every reason to believe the situation is gradually and surely clearing up.

Enclosed I return Mr. Hale's letter together with the extracts from his paper. I have the honor to be

Very truly yours,
F. M. SIMMONS, Chairman.

[Comments on the above in Observer Nov. 30, 1893.]

MR. SIMMONS AS A FALSIFIER, AND BACKBITER.

1. Mr. Simmons said to Mr. Harrity: "I believe every Democrat in the State, except Mr. Hale, and every newspaper in the State, except the Fayetteville OBSERVER, is satisfied that the outcome of the Congressional Convention of the Third District was the best possible under the circumstances." For the proof that Mr. Simmons knew, when he wrote these words to Mr. Harrity, that he was stating an untruth, see the quotations from the leading newspapers of North Carolina (including the Charlotte Observer, edited by Mr. Caldwell, the chairman of the North Carolina delegation at Chicago) in another column marked B.

2. Mr. Simmons said to Mr. Harrity: "The platform which was adopted * * contained in it nothing which we thought obnoxious to the principles of the party as enunciated in our State and National platforms." Now Mr. Simmons knew, when he wrote to Mr. Harrity, that the State platform adopted May 19th was devoted almost exclusively to national questions; that on sundry of these questions it was overruled by the paramount authority, the subsequently enacted Chicago platform; and that the platform which was adopted at Clinton (by his use of the prestige of his position to force it upon the convention) was vitally in conflict with the Chicago platform. For the proof, see the Marion Butler headed platform in another column marked C., which Mr. Simmons, though repeatedly called upon to do so, has not denied was a true copy of the platform referred to by him as adopted by the Clinton convention. The reference by Mr. Simmons, therefore, in the above quotation to "the principles of the party as enunciated in our *State and* National platforms," was simply another illustration of Mr. Simmons's capacity for "dodging" on the use of a word, as described in the quotations made by us last week from sundry leading papers. Mr. Simmons, of course, intended Mr. Harrity to understand that the part of the Clinton platform which conformed to the State platform related to State, not national, affairs. As the point at issue was whether Mr. Simmons's Clinton platform conformed to the Chicago platform on national affairs, the statement to Mr. Harrity about the State platform was useless unless intended to deceive.

3. Mr. Simmons said to Mr. Harrity: "Mr. Shaw will get as many votes as any man on the Electoral Ticket in this State, and we see no reason to believe that Mr. Cleveland will not run as well as the State ticket." For the evidence that such would not have been the case unless the OBSERVER had broken up the fusion on the Congressional ticket, see D in another column.

4. Mr. Simmons said to Mr. Harrity: "Certainly, there is no one in the State who is not putting forth every effort to accomplish that happy result, [the equalization of the chances of State and national tickets] except, possibly, Mr. Hale and the Fayetteville *Observer*." See for disproof of this assertion the qotations from the Raleigh Chronicle, Wilmington Messenger and Charlotte Observer, the three leading Democratic State papers, under the head B.

5. Mr. Simmons said to Mr. Harrity: "Now, as to Mr. Hale, I desire to say that he has lived but little in North Carolina." Mr. Simmons now publishes the false statement without retraction, notwithstanding he has been apprised that Mr. Hale lived nearly fifty years in the State, except when in the public service representing the State.

6. Mr. Simmons said *to* Mr. Harrity; "Mr. Hale left the State in early manhood." Yet Mr. Simmons has been informed by General [illegible]'s letter, which he says he has read, that the occasion of Mr. Hale's leaving the State in early manhood was his entering the Confederate service in Virginia.

7. Mr. Simmons said to Mr. Harrity: He "returned [to the State] only a few months before Mr. Cleveland's election." (1884.) Yet Mr. Simmons knows that Mr. Hale returned to North Carolina immediately atter Appomatox and remained a citizen of the State (except for six and a half years between 1868 and 1875), since.

8. Mr. Simmons said to Mr. Harrity: "He got charge of a Fayetteville newspaper, and after Mr. Cleveland was elected, through Senator Vance, moved, no doubt, by the prestige of his father, secured an appointment from Mr. Cleveland." Yet Mr. Simmons knows that on the occasion he refers to Mr. Hale re-established his old paper, the Fayetteville OBSERVER; and that his appointment came from the caucus resolve of the North Carolina delegation of 1885 which chose him for its only diplomatic nominee. It is not necessary for Mr. Simmons to impute to Senator Vance an improper motive for a public act in which all his colleagues sustained him.

9. Mr. Simmons said to Mr. Harrity: He "remained away from North Carolina [after his term of service under Cleveland expired] until about eight months ago." Yet Mr. Simmons knows that that is untrue.

10. Mr. Simmons said to Mr. Harrity: "He [Mr. Hale] is a 'crank' of the first water." That is a delicate question—which we are entirely content to leave to Mr. Simmons's revised judgment after this controversy is ended.

11. Mr. Simmons said to Mr. Harrity: "He is doing great harm, and his motive is transparent to any one" and he is "only a thorn in the side of the Democratic party of the State." See the quotations from the Raleigh Chronicle, Wilmington Messenger and Charlotte Observer under the head B, and the letters on file in the State Department: from Governor Holt that "I believe it is generally conceded that * * he [Mr. Hale] prevented a partial fusion on the Weaver ticket, which would have given the Republican Presidential ticket a plurality in North Carolina;" from Governor Carr "I but voice the sentiment of the people of our entire State in recommending," &c.; from Elector-at-Large Glenn, "He [Mr. Hale] * * deserves recognition if any North Carolinian does," &c. &c.—of all of which Mr. Simmons is apprised.

By publishing now, the letter containing the above untrue statements, for which the plea of ignorance can no longer excuse him, Mr. Simmons gives to them the effect of deliberate untruths.

Let the people of North Carolina consider what an unmitigated falsifier and backbiter. Mr. Simmons has thus proved himself to be, and say whether or not they think such a man fit for any trust under the Democratic party, or under the government.

B

THE "DEAL" AT CLINTON TO SELL OUT CLEVELAND.

The Conditions Laid Down by the Enemy.

(From the Clinton Caucasian. Weaverite Organ, July 28, 1892.)

AN ANTI-CLEVELAND ELECTOR FOR THE THIRD CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

[Special Correspondence.]

MR. EDITOR:—After the nomination of Hon. B. F. Grady for Congress at the Congressional Convention, which convened in Clinton July 20th, 1892, the anti-Cleveland part of the Convention withdrew and met in the Courthouse for the purpose of consulting in regard to putting out an anti-Cleveland candidate for elector of this district. On motion of Hon. Marion Butler, Dr. Cyrus Thomson was called to the chair and John E. Fowler was made secretary of the meeting.

On motion, a committee consisting of Dr. Nicholson, of Onslow, Dr. Matt. Moore, of Duplin, and Hon. Marion Butler and Mr. Daniel Kornegay, of Sampson, were appointed a committee to draft resolutions. The committee reported as follows:

Be it resolved that this mass meeting of anti-Cleveland Democrats, composed of a majority of the delegates to the Third Congressional Democratic Convention and many citizens will not support any one for elector who will vote for Grover Cleveland for President of the United States in the Electoral College.

Resolved, 2nd. That of the three candidates we prefer James B. Weaver, and in order to have an elector representing the whole district who will vote for Weaver in the Electoral College, it is the sense of this meeting that the Fayetteville convention re-assemble on August 23rd to nominate such elector.

Resolved, 3rd. That we endorse the nomination of Hon. B. F. Grady for Congress if he endorses the platform adopted in convention to-day and request the Fayetteville convention to endorse him on the same terms.

The resolutions were adopted.

Upon motion, Dr. Cyrus Thomson, of Onslow was recommended for Elector.

After several speeches, which were received with much enthusiasm, the meeting adjourned.

DR. CYRUS THOMSON, Ch'n.
J. E. FOWLER, Sec'y.

CHAIRMAN SIMMONS'S PREPARATIONS TO MEET THE ENEMY'S CONDITIONS.

How he induced the Convention to Repudiate the Chicago Platform and Forced on the Convention the Marion Butler Platform.

(From the Observer, August 4, 1892.)

The report of the Caucasian (Weaverite organ) said:

The Committee on Platforms reported. It was a good platform and was adopted by acclamation. An amendment to endorse the National Convention was voted down.

The report of the Wilmington Review (uncompromising Democratic) gave the resolution in the following account:

Hon. Mr. Pearsall, of Jones, appeared and read a platform.* A delegate from Onslow offered an amendment to the same as follows:

"That the platform of the National Democratic Convention as set forth at Chicago be adopted and approved in all respects."

The amendment was opposed by Mr. C. C. Lyon, of Bladen, and Hon. F. M. Simmons, Chairman of the State Executive Democratic Committee, upon the ground that the platform offered was more in harmony with the times and occasion, and requested the delegate who offered the amendment to withdraw it, which said delegate refused to do, as his idea of Democracy was fully embodied in the Chicago platform.

Upon a call of the counties the amendment received 13 votes, 12 from the unterrified strait out of Onslow and 1 from Duplin.

Mr. Simmons confirms the Review's report in his letter (which see) as follows:

"One of the delegates from Onslow offered the amendment published in the Review, * *—The amendment only received the vote of the Onslow delegation and one vote from Duplin."

*[The Marion-Butler headed platform (see OBSERVER of Nov. 30, 1893)—being a platform in conflict with the Chicago platform on the Force bill, on silver, on the Tariff, and on the $50 per capita. The reader will understand, of course, that a ministerial district Electoral Convention has nothing to do with platforms except to accept the platform of the national convention under whose authority the ministerial district convention acts. Mr. Simmons, therefore, in forcing the above platform on the convention was simply fabricating the coin which the Enemy stipulated (see their Resolutions, above) should be the price paid for the fusion against Cleveland.]

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S. H. Clifford, New Cassel, Wis., was troubled with Neuralgia and Rheumatism, his Stomach was disordered, his Liver was affected to an alarming degree, appetite fell away, and he was terribly reduced in flesh and strength. Three bottles of Electric Bitters cured him.

Edward Shepherd, Harrisburg, Ill., had a running sore on his leg of eight years' standing. Used three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes of Bucklen's Arnica Salve, and his leg is sound and well. John Speaker, Catawba, O., had five large Fever sores on his leg; doctors said he was incurable. One bottle Electric Bitters and one box Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured him entirely. Sold by B. E. Sedberry & Son, Drug Store.

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It will cost you nothing, and will surely do you good, if you have a Cough, Cold or any trouble with Throat, Chest or Lungs. Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds is guaranteed to give relief, or money will be paid back. Sufferers from La Grippe found it just the thing, and under its use had a speedy and perfect recovery. Try a sample bottle at our expense, and learn for yourself just how good a thing it is. Trial bottles free at B. E. Sedberry & Son's Drug Store. Large size 50c. and $1.00.

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MR. GROHMAN was a pupil of the Messrs. Linderoth, of Stockholm, Sweeden, who secured the first prize at the World's Fair, Chicago, for Chronometers, and to-day are one of the few celebrated watch makers of the world, Mr. Grohman himself having been entrusted with the care of the Royal Time pieces in the Palace of the King of Sweeden. He is thoroughly equipped for the repair of delicate and complicated Watches and Clocks. His successful work when here before will be recalled by Messrs. Prior's numerous patrons in North and South Carolina.

2--1--94 tf

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Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

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Office over McDuffie's Drug Store.

10—6, 92—tf

NOTICE.

The undersigned has removed his

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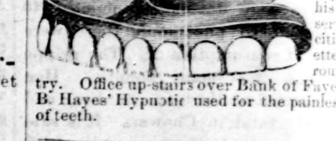
from the Thornton Building on Hay street, to the new office on Green street, between the Sheriff's office and the Overbaugh building.

N. A. SINCLAIR.

4—13—93

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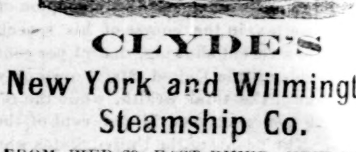
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WE WILL BUY

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THE OBSERVER.

E. J. HALE, Jr., General Business Manager.

FAYETTEVILLE N. C.

THURSDAY.....FEBRUARY 15, 1894.

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☞ The Editor of this paper will in no wise be responsible for the views expressed by correspondents.

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TOWN AND COUNTY.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ELIAS CARR—$200 Reward.
MRS. U. C. MYROVER—Lost.
THOS. J. JORDAN—Notice.
A. S. HUSKE, Ag't—Ask for Tenney's.
N. W. RAY—Commissioner's Sale of Lots.
C. L. REMSBURG—Remember your Dead.
M. A. TILLER—Watchmaker and Jeweler.
R. M. NIMOCKS—Valuable Property for Sale.
MOORE'S BOOK STORE—Tablets, Box Paper, &c.
KING BROS.—Ely's Garden Seeds—see Special.
MISS BUSH—Experienced Dressmaker—see Special.

Capt. W. R. Kenan was appointed by the Presidend Monday, Collector of Customs for the port of Wilmington.

Yesterday was St. Valentine's Day and the Local Editor and "Devil" were busy burning unopened "personal letters."

The shad season has commenced. Quite a number of large ones have been marketed here, but they are rather dear as yet.

The Messrs. Fitzell have over 50,000 cabbages planted on the Hill which are heading beautifully. They expect to market them by April 1st.

We in common with the whole community were glad to learn of the good fortune that has befallen two of Fayetteville's most deserving citizens.

The Fayetteville Cotton Mill presents a very brilliant appearance at night with its numerous electric lights. Mallett's Pond seems to dance with delight under their beautiful rays.

Reading Club.

The next meeting of the Reading Club will be held at the residence of Major A. A. McKethan on Monday evening next, 19th inst., and 8 o'clock promptly. Let there be a large attendance.

Governor Carr has offered a reward of one hundred dollars each for the capture of William and John West, charged with the murder of Frank Newell, which was committed in 71st last month. John West is one of the men who escaped from jail last Friday night.

Gov. Carr in pursuance of the request of the County Commissioners has ordered a special term of Cumberland Superior Court for criminal cases to begin April 16th, Judge Bryan being selected by the Governor to preside. Since the great jail delivery of Friday night the need for a special term is not so pressing.

Fatal Accident Near Hope Mills.

Mr. William McArthur, son of Mr. John F. McArthur, a highly esteemed citizen of this county, while fighting forest fires about seven miles west of this city Friday evening was instantly killed by a falling tree. We extend our sympathies to the bereaved relatives.

The new Court house is nearly completed and it will be a magnificent monument to the County Commissioners and its architects. It is said that it will be ready for occupancy by April 16th, when the special term of Cumberland County Superior Court meets here. The next thing that the county needs is a new and strong jail or if that cannot be accomplished the present one thoroughly repaired.

Harnett County Again Loses its Court House.

The building in which Harnett County Superior Court has been held since the burning of the old Court House about a year ago, was destroyed by fire last Thursday night. All the records, as in the case of the first fire, were destroyed. The fire originated in the court room where court had been in session during the day. This is a dire calamity, as it will involve our sister county in much litigation.

I. O. O. F.

Grand Master, W. D. Gaster goes to Greensboro to-day to institute a new Lodge of I. O. O. F. with about fifty of the best citizens of that place as charter members.

This is the tenth New Lodge instituted since his election as Grand Master, and there are several others nearly in sight and will be instituted during his term of office. This will be the second Lodge of this order in Greensboro. We understand notwithstanding the hard times the order is growing rapidly.

Rev. Jno. C. Troy is in the city on a visit to his parents. The Asheville Citizen of the 8th inst., says of him:

Rev. John C. Troy, pastor of Riverside M. E. church, South, who has been ill for several days, left this afternoon for Fayetteville, his old home. Mr. Troy was ill for several weeks just after conference and had probably never fully recovered from the effects of this sickness. He was barely able to travel to-day. Mr. Troy is popular among the people of all churches here, as well as with his own congregation, and all his friends will wish him a speedy recovery.

Fire.

Tuesday night about a quarter to nine o'clock the fire alarm rang out, indicating by two taps that the fire was in the second ward, which being the centre of the city, of course caused many a business man's heart to beat loud and his legs to run fast. In an amazingly short time Market Square was filled with people, but the Fire Department was ahead of them, and in less than five minutes after the alarm was sounded had three large streams of water playing on the building in the Southeast corner of the square, the second story of which is occupied by the North Carolina Baptist, and the first floor by Campbell & Goddard. The cause of the conflagration was the explosion of a lamp in the Baptist office. Three men were at work in the office at the time, but the flames spread so rapidly that they had to flee for their lives. The Fire Department got the flames under control before much damage was done to the exterior of the building. The damage to the Baptist is itemized at six hundred dollars, besides which they lost their subscription books, but fortunately they had the names of the subscribers set up in type. Mr. Oates, the editor, also lost part of his fine library. Campbell & Goddard suffered considerable loss by their goods being damaged by water. The property of the Baptist was covered by insurance. The building is owned by Mr. T. C. Leak, of Rockingham, but was not insured.

We greatly regret the loss and inconvenience inflicted upon our neighbor, the Baptist, by the fire. We trust Mr. Oates will have things running again just as smoothly as if nothing had occurred. We understand that the paper will come out this week as usual.

Mr. Oates also lost the files of the Baptist since its beginning, and will be obliged if persons having files or parts of files will communicate with him.

Death of Mr. George Rosenthal.

Fayetteville loses an honored and highly esteemed citizen by the death of Mr. George Rosenthal, which occurred at his residence on Rowan street Saturday afternoon. He had been suffering for several days with the grippe which turned into congestion of the lungs of which he died. The funeral service was conducted by the Rev. J. H Edwards at residence Monday afternoon, and the remains were followed to their last resting place by a large number of sorrowing citizens and friends. He was buried with Masonic honors. Mr. Rosenthal removed from Chicago to this city about twenty years ago and has ever since been one of the leading merchants of Fayetteville. He commanded the respect and confidence of the entire business community. We are glad to know that during his long business career Mr. Rosenthal who was 54 years old at the time of his death accumulated considerable property, besides which he had his life insured for 16,000 dollars He leaves a widow and four children, two sons and two daughters, all of whom have the heartfelt sympathy of all our people.

"In faith and hope the world will disagree,
But all mankind's concern is charity;
All must be false that thwart this one great end
And all of God, that bless mankind, or mend."

The Big 6.

At the last meeting of Remsburg's Orchestra, it was decided that in the future this organization be known as The Big 6 Band and Orchestra, composed of the following names, with E. L. Remsburg as leader and business manager:

D. F. Wemyss, cornet.
C. J. Ahearn, alto and trombone.
Joe Barnes, trombone and 2d violin.
E. M. Sheetz, euphonium and string bass.
H. E. Sheetz, tuba and 1st violin.

The above appellation does not refer to the avoirdupois of the crowd. but to the great volume of tone produced by their respective instruments.

This musical aggregation is one hard to beat, and they stand second to none in the South; for by referring to their library one will find all the music played by the leading professional bands.

Their Friday night concerts at the F. I. L. I. Armory during the winter have been the means of attracting large crowds to the skating, and proved a drawing card for the management.

St. John's Church.

The Rev. Edward Gushee, of Massachusetts who, as we stated last week, will take temporary charge of St. John's Parish, arrived in this city Saturday night and preached two very able sermons Sunday. The entire congregation were struck with his profound learning and greatly pleased with his manner.

The Lenten Services of St. John's Church the remainder of this week will be as follows:

Evening Prayer to-day (Thursday) at 4:30 P. M.

Evening Prayer Saturday at 4:30 P. M.

The services to-morrow (Friday) will be Litany at 11 o'clock A. M., and Evening Prayer at 7:30 P. M. At this service the Rev. Edward Gushee will preach.

Seats free, and all are cordially invited to attend.

We notice with much amusement that many of the large northern and western dailies and quite a number of southern newspapers continue to tell the tale of Fayetteville's now famous "curfew bell." We took occasion some time back to correct this error on the part of strangers who invariably think that the ringing of the town hall bell at 9 o'clock at night is the continuance of the old Norman custom of ringing the curfew, which in those days was a warning to the people of England to put their lights out and retire, whereas, in fact, it is but the continuance of the old ante-bellum patrol, which required all the slaves to retire to their quarters.

The Rev. Dr. Edward Gushee in charge of St. John's Parish, is now located at the Hotel LaFayette, where he will be pleased to receive any who may wish to consult with him and to make the acquaintance of our citizens generally.

Miss Ida Draughon is spending a few weeks over the river with Mrs. W. B. Draughon.

Six Prisoners Escape.

The citizens of Fayetteville were startled and thrown into a state of great excitement Saturday morning by the announcement that six prisoners confined in the county jail in this city, had made good their escape the previous night. The following were missing when Deputy Sheriff Clark opened the jail Saturday morning: Fred Crutchfield, charged with shooting a colored man in Quewhiffle; Henry and Zacharias Williams, and Tom McLean, charged with larceny; and Pete Fleming, indicted for selling whisky on Sunday. The sixth man was John West, charged with the murder of Frank Newell in 71st, and who, it will be remembered, voluntarily surrendered after being vainly sought for by the authorities. All the men, who are colored, were confind in the south-east cell on the second floor, which was believed to be perfectly secure, but the men thought otherwise, and securing a saw or some other cutting implement from the outside, they cut through six inches of planking and eighteen inches of brick. They then tied the blankets together, and thus made their escape without disturbing any one. The hole which is an object of great curiosity, is just large enough for the passage of a man's body, and not just small enough for its detention, as was the case some time ago, when one of the prisoners attempted to escape in this manner, but was caught, and could not move either way, and was found in that position by Mr. Clark.

All efforts to capture them have thus far been unsuccessful, but the officers think that they have located two of them, and hope to effect the speedy arrest of them all.

The genera. cut in the wages of the employes of the C. F. & Y. V. goes into effect to-day. Those receiving two hundred dollars and upwards per month will be cut twenty per cent.; those receiving from one hundred to two hundred are reduced sixteen and two-third per cent.; those getting fifty dollars and upwards ten per cent.; and those receiving less than fifty dollars are cut five per cent. The management of the road have been liberal with the employes and we have no doubt that the directors exceedingly regret that they were forced to take this step, which we hope will only be temporary.

Senator Ransom secured a fine batch of appointments on Monday.

The Charlotte Observer of Wednesday says that the Richmond Dispatch says that Senator Ransom will also vote for Mr. Peckham.

Shall Eccles's Pond Become a Cess-pool?—Where When and Where shall the Line be Drawn?

For the Observer.]

MR. EDITOR:—It seems necessary and proper to draw public attention to the importance of guarding Cross Creek against the multiplied sources af pollution which threaten the health and comfort of many families. This beautiful, historic stream runs through the very heart of our town and passes within a stone's throw of Market Square. A public-spirited citizen not long since remarked that if he was wealthy he would buy up all the mill-sites along its banks and remove every dam that obstructed its free progress to the river. This may not be practicable during these times of stringency and depression, but the future will prove it to be essential and necessary that regulations shall be devised by the Board of Health and municipal authorities, and firmly enforced, in order to prevent the several ponds from becoming pestilential cess-pools. Eccles's pond, especially, with its immediate surroundings, composed of many residences, several churches, a park, destined under favorable circumstances to become a convenient and attractive resort and a striking and pretty feature of our town; bridges, capable of being made ornamental and picturesque, spanning the limpid current on its eastern and western extremities; a mill, with its genial and forbearing proprietor and its attending activity and bustle; lawn tennis ground; boat-houses and boats, should not be made a receptacle of all sorts of noxious materials from other parts of the town. It should be remembered that during dry seasons the stream is low and narrow and often rendered stagnant by efforts to accumulate sufficient water to run the mill. It should also be remembered that a precedent and example set by public servants in an official capacity is doubly dangerous. It seems very unkind and unfair that this section of the town after being deprived of the advantages that would have accrued from having the new and imposing court house on the old site—St. James' Square—should be made a dumping ground for the new building at a different location. It is sufficiently disappointing to be left with a deserted, unsightly old rookery in its geographical centre, without the added curse of unwholesome effluvia transferred from the new site across the town to the less favored locality. The new location may not be a fortunate selection with respect to facilities for drainage, yet the difficulties should be overcome in a way not to damage or mar the attractions of another neighborhood.

May we not hope that the County Board of Health will reconsider the approval, it is reported to have given, of the scheme by which Eccles's pond is to receive sewage matter from au increased area, embracing the new court house with its waste and filth—and later on, unless the present arrangement is only a temporary makeshift—a new jail, with its horrid accompaniments.

We know that this Board is composed largely of some of the most reputable physicians in North Carolina, and feel sure that if it will give the matter thorough and careful consideration it will arrive at a proper conclusion. Under our laws it has plenary power and without its sympathy and support there can be no reform and no protection. H. R. HORNE.

The C. F. & Y. V. Bondholders.

Baltimore Herald, Jan. 6th.

The first mortgage bondholders of the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley railroad held a meeting at 3 o'clock yesterday, in the office of Lowndes & Redwood on German street for the purpose of protecting their interests and obtaining full information of its reported proposed sale to an English syndicate. The bondholders believe the property valuable and amply able to earn its interests in the future as it has done in the past six years, and the following committee was appointed to confer with the officers of the road and report result of the investigation at a later meeting: John Gill, chairman; William H. Blackford, William H. Perot, Basil B. Gordon, John A. Tompkins, J. W. Middendorf, and Frank T. Redwood, secretary.

Men are made manly, the old made young and vigorous by Magnetic Nervine. Sold by King Bros.

People and their Movements.

Mr. E. W. Overbaugh has returned from a business trip south.

Mrs. LaFar and sister, Miss Prince, left yesterday for Florence, S. C.

Miss Mary MacRae is visiting her aunt. Mrs. Wm. Smith, of Wilmington.

Miss Ella Dunbar, of Dunbarton, Wisconsin, is on a visit to Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Evans at Idaho.

Mrs. Nathan, and Miss Nathan, of New York, are on a visit to Mrs. Rosenthal, on Rowan street.

Mr. Chas. Wilson, one of the most popular young men on the road, was in the city last week.

We were delighted to see that Mr. Archie McDuffie was well enough to be out driving Saturday and Monday evenings.

Mr. Nash Bunting, of Wilmington, spent Sunday in the city. His wife is on a visit to her parents, Dr. and Mrs. W. C. McDuffie.

Our old friend Mr. Thos. M. Rose, superintendent of the Heath Bros. Cotton Compress at Hamlet, spent a few days at home this week.

Ex-State Senator Oates, of Sampson, the father of the editor of our esteemed contemporary, the North Carolina Baptist, was in the city last week.

Breeding Bird Dogs.

For the Observer.]

The plan or rather the hap-hazard way of amateurs in breeding bird dogs is all wrong. After fifty years of observation I would give the following rules:

1st. Never cross colors breed lemon and white to lemon and white or white and liver color to white and liver. Have the sire and mother the same color—don't cross a red sire with a *parti* colored mother dog. I don't use the professional dog terms as to ears fastidious they might offend in a family paper.

2nd. Don't cross colors because it does great harm and looks ugly.

3rd. Don't cross setters and pointers as there is no longer any excuse for so doing, as the woods are full of fairly good dogs of each breed—though some serviceable dogs are produced this way. They are in professional dog language called *drop* dogs.

4th. Don't breed to a very young mother, if you do the pups will be lacking in stamina and inclined to many diseases, including ricketts, &c., and have fits on hot days, whilst in the field, especially if water be scarce, more so with the setter than with the pointer—let her be at least eighteen months old, for the same reason don't use a sire too old, if you do your dog will fail very rapidly as he advances in age, and soon become a *pollen*, that is get into a brier patch and detain you too long, so as to get rest for himself, regardless of the short winter days.

5th. Don't try to raise pretty dogs, they are seldom as good or as staunch as homely ones. Straight hind legs are not so serviceable as those that cross enough to set the hind feet well under the dog.

6th. Don't breed to light-eyed dogs—use brown or black-eyed, they look so much better than those light, yellow-eyed dogs you so often see these days.

7th. Don't try to see how large you can breed your dogs; a fair-sized dog will do better than a large dog, unless the ground is very heavy. A medium-sized dog will cover more ground and do it neater than a large dog.

8th. Don't pet your dog or play with him—have him for work. He may shoot you if you let him jump up with his fore paws on you. Pet your wife and children.

9th. Feed well, give him his meals as regularly as you take yours. Don't get impatient if you can't find a dog to suit you in a day. Columbus was eighteen years in discovering America. I was nineteen years finding a dog to suit me, and traveled 1,040 miles to get the dog that suited me, to say nothing of the miles I traveled for others that did not fill the bill. I began to look for the dog at eleven years of age and found him when I was thirty years of age. VETERAN.

A MONEY-SAVING DEVICE.

Measured by its wide scope of applicability, the facility of operation and long durability, the "Richards" Magic Stamping Pad for ladies' fancy work, may properly be regarded as a marvelous creation and as one of the most important inventions of recent date. By means of this simple device, which can readily and effectually be used by any child, any design, no matter how intricate, can be easily and perfectly transferred to glass, china celluloid, plush, silk, satin, crape du chiene, velvet, and, in fact, any material, without any previous preparation whatever. It is designed to take the place of perforated stamping outfits and has the advantage of doing the work on many materials that is not possible by any other method, requiring neither paint, powder, cleaning of patterns or heating of an iron. Any design or drawing can be used for a pattern, and any picture from a newspaper or magazine can be transferred to any material that will receive an impression; no prepared pattern is requisite. This pad is the invention of Mr. W. A. Richards, an old traveling man, who has devoted the past ten years to the perforated pattern business, and being conversant with the undesirable features of perforated stamping outfits, which are not only expensive but require considerable care, time and trouble in operation, devised this simple arrangement. It is particularly useful for art needle work and for hand-painting on any surface, and shows up handsomely on many different materials without being worked or painted.

The "Richards" Magic Stamping outfit is intended to be used by private parties to do their stamping at home, and has been pronounced by every lady who has seen it as the only practical stamping pad for home use yet introduced. The price is so reasonable that no one will be without it.

Write or call on

(*adv.*) O. B. WIGHTMAN,
Sole Agent for Eastern N. C.

Peculiar to Itself.

So eminently successful has Hood's Sarsaparilla been that many leading citizens from all over the United States furnish testimonials of cures which seem almost miraculous. Hood's Sarsaparilla is not an accident, but the ripe fruit of industry and study. It possesses merit "peculiar to itself."

HOOD'S PILLS cure Nausea, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Biliousness. Sold by all druggists.

There is no claim made for Ayer's Sarsaparilla which cannot be endorsed by scores of testimonials. This fact plainly proves that the blood is the source of most disorders and that Ayer's Sarsaparilla is the best of blood-purifiers. Try it this month.

Don't waste time, money, and health, trying every new medicine you may see advertised in the papers. If the cause of your trouble is in the blood, liver, stomach, or kidneys, take Ayer's Sarsaparilla at once, and be sure of a cure. Take no other.

Magnetic Nervine quickly restores lost man hood and youthful vigor. Sold by King Bros.

Johnson's Oriental Soap is far superior to all the other so-called medicinal soaps for beautifying the complexion. Sold by King Bros.

Don't be talked into having an operation as it may cost you your life. Japanese Pile Cure is guaranteed to cure you by King Bros.

Best in the World

The Judgement on Hood's Pronounced by Squire Fogg.



The following testimonial comes from T. M. Fogg, Esq., who is well-known throughout Kentucky as court justice and justice of the peace for Bath county. His words should invoke the confidence of all who read his letter:

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"I will say for Hood's Sarsaparilla I believe it to be the best medicine in the world. In the winter of '92 I had a bad case of the grip which left my system in very bad shape. I tried everything I could find and got no relief. In the fall of the same year I bought a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla. The first dose I took

Made a Decided Change

for the better. When I began taking the first bottle my weight was 127 pounds, the lightest since manhood. By the time the second bottle had been used my weight was 165 pounds. I owe all this to Hood's Sarsaparilla and I gladly recommend it to all sufferers." T. M. FOGG, Justice of the Peace, Sharpsburg, Kentucky.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, sick headache, indigestion.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

MISS BUSH,
EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKER,
SHEETZ HOUSE, HAY STREET.

ELY'S GARDEN SEEDS.—Two papers for 5c. at KING BROS, next to post office.

200 BALES OF COUNTRY HAY, 50 to 100 lbs. bales, for sale cheap by
WALTER WATSON.

FOR RENT.—The Old Welsh Blacksmith and Carriage Shops. Enquire of
WALTER WATSON.

"The Atlantic Pharmacy" opposite the Short Cut Depot will save you Haymount people a long walk.

Fresh Seed at "The Atlantic" Pharmacy near Short Cut Depot.

"Sedberry" does not sell "old" GARDEN SEED.

"COLUMBIA BICYCLES," best made, high grade. CLARENCE D. SEDBERRY,
Sole Agent.

Fresh Garden Seed AT SEDBERRY'S.

FOR SALE.—A case, complete, of *Humphrey's Specific Homeopathic Remedies.* Address "Specific," care of the Observer.

Buy the CELEBRATED KIMBALL PIANO endorsed by Adilina Patti and others.
Buy the OLD RELIABLE KIMBALL ORGAN. Over one hundred and forty-five thousand made and sold. W. FRANK BLOUNT,
Agent for W. W. Kimball Co.
Corresponding Offices, { Fayetteville, N. C. / Hope Mills, N. C.
Fine Piano TUNING a specialty.

CALL and see the "94 Models" of "COLUMBIA BICYCLES" just received by
CLARENCE D. SEDBERRY.

The finest Green and Black Teas can be had at McDuffie's Drug Store. One trial will convince you

AT MOORE'S NEW BOOKSTORE YOU WILL FIND A NEW
Lot of Tablets, Box Paper,
AND A FULL LINE OF STATIONERY AT BOTTOM PRICES.
Call and Examine.

HAVE YOUR
Watches, Clocks and Jewelry,
PUT IN FIRST CLASS ORDER BY
M. A. TILLER,
PRACTICAL
Watchmaker and Jeweler,
FINE WORK A SPECIALTY.
ALL WORK GUARANTEED.
FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Remember your Dead!
BY CALLING AT THE
Fayetteville Marble Works,
you will find the right place to select a
HANDSOME - MEMORIAL.
Always a fine line of finished monuments and tablets to select from, and a choice collection of photographic designs to select from, all new and direct from the hands of an experienced designer.

After living nearly four years in Fayetteville, I think the public need have no doubt as to my ability as a mechanic; and after looking through our two cemeteries it will be convinced that my efforts to raise the standard in marble work has not been in vain, as the many handsome monuments and tablets will attest.

With thanks to the public for past patronage I hope to merit a continuance of the same.
Very truly,
E. L. REMSBURG.

A Proclamation by the Governor.

$200 REWARD.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

Whereas, official information has been received at this department that William West and John West late of the County of Cumberland stands charged with murder of Frank Newell:

And Whereas it appears that the said William West and John West have fled the State, or so conceals themselves that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon them:

Now, Therefore, I, Elias Carr, Governor of the State of North Carolina, by virtue of authority in me vested by law, do issue his my Proclamation, offering a reward of Two Hundred Dollars for the apprehension and delivery of the said William West and John West, or $100 for the capture of either John or William West to the Sheriff of Cumberland County, at the Court-house in Fayetteville, and I do enjoin all officers of the State and all good citizens to assist in bringing said criminals to justice.

Done at our City of Raleigh, the 15th day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand [L. S.] eight hundred and ninety-four, and in the one hundred and eighteenth year of our American Independence.

ELIAS CARR.

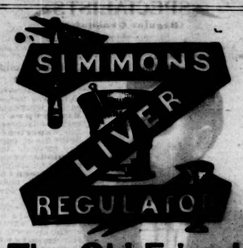
By the Governor:
S. F. TELFAIR,
Private Secretary.

DESCRIPTION.

William West is about 50 years old; copper color; height 5 feet 9 inches; stoop shoulders; weight 150 pounds.

John West is 23 years old; weight 165; full face; color, mulatto; forbidding countenance; eyes small; scar on his under lip. 2-15-94

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.



The Old Friend

And the best friend that never fails you is Simmons Liver Regulator, (the Red Z)—that's what you hear at the mention of this excellent Liver medicine, and people should not be persuaded that anything else will do.

It is the King of Liver Medicines; is better than pills, and takes the place of Quinine and Calomel It acts directly on the Liver, Kidney and Bowels and gives new life to the whole system. This is the medicine you want. Sold by all Druggists in Liquid, or in Powder to be taken dry or made into a tea.

☞ EVERY PACKAGE has the Z Stamp in red on wrapper
J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

Valuable Property for Sale by Commissioner and Executor.

By virtue of an order of the Superior Court of Cumberland County, N. C., I will, for purpose of partition as per said order, on Monday, March 5th, 1894, at 12 o'clock, at the Market House in Fayetteville, N. C., expose to sale by public action,

1st. Two and two-thirds shares Stock in the Fayetteville Cotton Factory.

2nd. The Store on north side of Hay Street in Fayetteville, near the Dobbin House, and known as "The John Culbreth Store."

3rd. The House and Lot on the north side of Mumford street, in Fayetteville, known as "The Hockaday House."

4th. The House and Lot on south side of Mumford street, and known as "J Culbreth's Residence," which will be sold subject to the widow's dower therein.

5th. About 100 acres of Land in Robeson county, near Red Springs, known as "The Ruth Bower's Place."

Terms: Purchasers will be required to pay at least one-third in cash, the balance to bear 8 per cent. and be due in six months, for which notes must be given. R. M. NIMOCKS,
2-15-94 Ex. and Com.

NOTICE.

I am unemployed and need work. I have served, with Mr. Walter Watson, for many years in his Tool Manufactory and can do work in that line. I can fill a position as compositor in a printing office or act as clerk or salesman in a grocery store.

I will be glad to hear from any one offering me a position. THOS. J. JORDAN,
2-15-94 1t Fayetteville, N. C.

LOST.

On Haymount, on Tuesday morning, between the residence of Mr. Latterloh and that of Mr. Grobman, a lady's black silk circular work bag containing a purse with small sum of money, a pair of gold spectacles, a handkerchief and a number of visiting cards. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving it at the residence of Mrs. U. C. Myrover.
2-15-94 1t.

Commissioner's Sale of Lots.

By virtue of an order in the Superior Court of Cumberland County, N. C., made in case of J. Phillips, Martha Morgan and others, being Partition Proceedings, I will, on Monday, March 19, 1894, at 12 o'clock at the Market House in Fayetteville, N. C., expose to sale by public auction for cash, the Lots known as "The David Torrance Property."

1st. A Lot known as the Poplar Spring or Grave Yard Lot.

2nd. A Lot on southern part of Haymount near Minor's, containing about 2 acres.

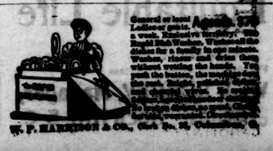
3rd. A Lot of about 4 acres, adjoining Newberry's, known as The Barge Lot. N. W. RAY,
2-15-94 Commissioner.

ASK FOR
Tenney's
NEW YORK.
ORANGE
FRUIT SLICES
IN SEALED PACKAGES
AT
A. S. Huske's Grocery.
ALSO
FRESH STOCK OF ROYSTER'S PINE FANCY CANDIES.
A. S. HUSKE, Ag't.

ROSE & LEAK
Have received their first installment of
NEW SPRING GOODS,
consisting of pretty Calicos, Fayal Crepes in all shades, Ginghams, Outings, Dress Goods, Embroidery, Laces, Dress Trimmings, Bleached Sheetings and Shirtings, and many NOVELTIES which had to be laid in this early to secure the choicest selections.
ROSE & LEAK have received also a beautiful line of Gentlemen's Neck Wear, Ties, Collars, &c, and the largest and most complete line of Negligee Shirts they have ever before shown.
In short ROSE & LEAK'S stock is now very full and attractive. Buyers will find their goods new, fresh, pretty and prices most reasonable.
A few dozen of those fine, soft home-made Wool Blankets worth $5.00 still to be had to close out at $3 50. This is a great bargain. All goods sold for cash. Respectfully,
2-8-94 2t ROSE & LEAK.

H. H. H.
From the number of cards issued we will give aways a large
Number of Presents
during the first week in April. You have nearly two months yet. Get a card—you will trade $5.00 worth of Hardware before that time. Buy from us and secure a present.
HUSKE HARDWARE HOUSE.

H. H. H.
We have secured the agency for the "D. M. Barranger Plow." Answers the same purpose as the "Dixie" and the "Samson Upright." Two plows in one. The following is a sample of a lot of recommendations we have for it:
"I used the D M Barringer Plow last season and found it the cheapest and best plow that was ever used on my farm. None of my hands wanted to work with any other plow."
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The undersigned having qualified as executrix of Sidney J. Solms hereby notifies all persons indebted to his estate to make immediate payment, and all persons having claims against the estate to present them, duly verified, on or before the 25th day of January, 1895, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of recovery. MARY J. SOLMS.
R. P. Buxton, Att'y.
Jan'y 25, 1894.

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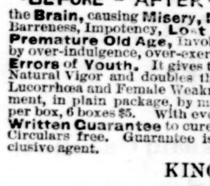
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Washington Letter.

From Our Correspondent.

Washington, Feb. 5, 1894.

Senator Voorhees, by virtue of his position as chairman of the Senate committee on Finance, has taken command of the Wilson tariff bill, which confounded its enemies by the large majority it received in the House last week. That no time will be wasted by the committee in reporting the bill to the Senate is made plain by these words from Mr. Voorhees: "We realize that what the country needs is repose, and believing that the passage of the bill will be in the interest of the country at large and will be soon followed by a revival of business activity, we shall do all in our power to have the bill disposed of at the earliest moment possible." Senator Jones, of Arkansas, is chairman of the Finance committee that will have immediate charge of the tariff bill. He thinks the bill can be reported inside of three weeks. There is one very noticeable feature about tariff discussions here just now —the know-it-alls have ceased prophesying that the bill will be torn to pieces in the Senate. Another thing that is exciting comment is the strength of the income tax in the Senate.

The House discussion of the Hawaiian question, which will end to morrow with the adoption of a resolution satisfactory to the democrats, brushed away a great many cobwebs and brought the question down to a common sense basis, to say nothing of having brought about the complete squelching of the clown of the House, Boutelle, of Maine.

The bond issue is now an accomplished fact, and the $58,000,000 which will be paid for them will be in the Treasury as soon as the bonds can be signed and delivered at the designated depositories. The opposition in Congress is quieted down so far as may be judged by outward appearances, although some of the populists are still bitter in their denunciations.

Chairman Wilson, of the House Ways and Means committee, is also chairman of the Executive committee of the National Association of democratic clubs, members of which have been notified to attend a special meeting in this city on the eighteenth of this month: While it is not so stated in the call, the principal object of this meeting is to help to push the Wilson tariff bill through the Senate, by means of the organization of the association of clubs. In other words, the democratic clubs of the country will be asked to let the democratic Senators know that the Wilson bill meets their approval and should be passed without delay other than that which is absolutely necessary. It is hoped that the Finance committee will have reported the bill to the Senate by the time the club committee meets.

The House committee on Rivers and Harbors will grant no more hearings, as the time of the members will be fully taken up in preparing the bill. The bill will probably carry a smaller appropriation than for a long time, and few improvements except those already under way will be provided for.

The House committee on Banking and Currency decided by a vote of 9 to 8 not to report a bill for the repeal of the tax on state bank currency. That is supposed to end the matter for this session so far as this committee is concerned, but members of the House who favor the repeal of the tax may try to get it before the House as an amendment to some measure.

As a specimen of the dodges that are being resorted to by those who are opposed to the government's printing its own p stage stamps that of bringing a committee here with a petition from the New York plate printers, setting forth the distress that would fall upon them should the government take this work away from them, is about the most transparent yet resorted to. The lowest private bidder for the work is a Philadelphia concern. So that the New York company is bound to lose the work, whether it comes to Washington, where it really belongs, or not.

The committee on Coinage has favorably reported to the House Mr. Bland's bill for the coinage of the seigniorage in the Treasury and the issuing of silver certificates against it. Mr. Bland will endeavor to get the bill acted upon at once. It is understood that Secretary Carlisle favors the bill, and the general impression is that it will pass.

The Sundry Civil Appropriation bill has been reported to the House. It carries a total of $32,291,382, which is $9,409,928, less than the same bill carried at the last session of Congress.

President Cleveland is being very much misrepresented concerning the nomination of Mr. Peckham to the vacancy in the Supreme Court. Having nominated the man he thinks fitted for the position, he, of course, would like to see him confirmed, but he has done absolutely nothing to influence the vote of any Senator, and has no intention of doing. His duty ended with making the nomination. It is a prerogative of the Senate to confirm or to reject.

A Gotham Lawyer's Big Fee.

The New York lawyer who enjoys the distinction of having received, perhaps, the biggest fee on record is William Nelson Cromwell. He was paid $200,000 once for his services. One would hardly take him for a lawyer, however. He looks like a Methodist minister on a visit to the city. At present he is counsel for the receivers of the Northern Pacific railroad, and is esteemed one of the best railroad lawyers in the city. He is thin and wears bushy iron-gray hair. His clothing is not of the fashionable cut. He may often be seen reading a novel as he rides uptown from his office. The $200,000 fee was paid him for extricating a Wall street firm from an $18,000,000 embarrassment. This he did in a month's time. He will probably make $200,000 more out of the Northern Pacific troubles. His law practice is enormous and his income is princely. Meantime there are 5,000 other lawyers in New York city whose pay will not average $1,500 a year.

Dan Dawson's Versatility.

Probably the late poet athlete of Philadelphia. Dan Dawson, was not intended to rank as high in the world of letters as the late John Boyle O'Reilly, but he seems to have had some of O'Reilly's versatility. It is related of him that one morning he went over to New York to give his foreman some instructions in carrying out a contract for building a creosote factory. In the afternoon the Authors' club gave him a reception and his latest poem was the topic of discussion. Later he went to Sheepshead Bay to see the famous steeplechaser, Rushbrook, engage in a race there. In the evening he lectured on "Norse Mythology" before a select literary audience; and afterward, before the New York Athletic club, he whipped their champion middle-weight pugilist.

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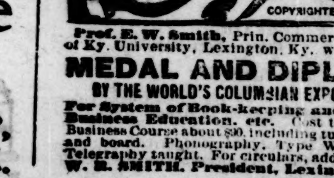
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1877,	4,485,423	1885,	5,669,021
1878,	4,811,265	1886,	6,550,215
1879,	5,073,531	1887,	6,513,624
1880,	5,757,397	1888,	7,0[illegible]7,7[illegible]7
1881,	6,589,329	1889,	6,935,082
1882,	5,435,845	1890,	7,313,726
1883,	6,992,234	1891,	8,655,518
1884,	5,714,052	1892,	6,70[illegible],365

In addition to the above every clubbing subscriber can enter our combination

Missing Word Contest.

Supply the missing word in the following sentence:

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CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

In Effect Dec. 3rd, 1893.

NORTH BOUND.	No. 2, Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Wilmington,	7:00 a. m.
Arrive Fayetteville,	10:10 "
Leave Fayetteville,	10:27 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction,	10:30 "
Leave Sanford,	11:48 "
Leave Climax,	1:43 p. m.
Arrive Greensboro,	2:15 "
Leave Greensboro,	2:55 "
Leave Stokesdale,	3:48 "
Arrive Walnut Cove,	4:20 "
Leave Walnut Cove,	4:33 "
Leave Rural Hall,	5:01 "
Arrive Mt. Airy,	6:25 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1, Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Mt. Airy,	9:45 a. m.
Leave Rural Hall,	11:06 "
Arrive Walnut Cove,	11:35 "
Leave Walnut Cove,	11:42 "
Leave Stokesdale,	12:06 p. m.
Arrive Greensboro,	12:52 "
Leave Greensboro,	12:59 "
Leave Climax,	1:27 "
Leave Sanford,	3:12 "
Arrive Fayetteville Junction,	4:25 "
Arrive Fayetteville,	4:30 "
Leave Fayetteville,	4:45 "
Arrive Wilmington,	7:55 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4, Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Bennettsville,	6:25 a. m.
Leave Maxton,	7:37 "
Leave Red Springs,	8:17 "
Leave Hope Mills,	9:12 "
Arrive Fayetteville,	9:35 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 3, Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Fayetteville,	4:50 p. m.
Leave Hope Mills,	5:13 "
Leave Red Springs,	6:08 "
Leave Maxton,	6:47 "
Arrive Bennettsville,	8:00 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16, Mixed, Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Ramseur,	6:50 a. m.
Leave Climax,	8:40 "
Arrive Greensboro,	9:25 "
Leave Greensboro,	9:40 "
Leave Stokesdale,	11:00 "
Arrive Madison	11:50 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15, Mixed, Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Madison,	12:30 p. m.
Leave Stokesdale,	1:05 "
Arrive Greensboro,	2:35 "
Leave Greensboro,	3:00 "
Leave Climax,	3:55 "
Arrive Ramseur,	5:35 "

Trains No. 2 and 4 make close connection at Fayetteville Junction with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points North and Walnut Cove with the N. & W System for Winston Salem.

Train No. 16 connects at Madison with N. & W. for Roanoke and points West

Train No. 1 makes close connection at Fayetteville Junction with Atlantic Coast Line for Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, and all points South.

Junction points at Maxton with S. A. L., at Bennettsville with C. S. & N. R. R., at Sanford with S. A. L., at Greensboro with the Richmond and Danville system.

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Condensed Schedule.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

DATED Jan. 11, 1894.	No. 23, Daily.	No. 35, Daily.	No. 41, Daily.	*No. 501, N. Y. and Fla. Spec.
	A. M.	P. M.	A. M	A. M.
Leave Weldon..	11 47	9 51		12 02
Ar. Rocky Mount	12 55	10 45		
Arrive Tarboro..	2 35			
Leave Tarboro..	12 07			
Lv Rocky Mount	12 55	10 45	6 00	
Leave Wilson..	1 55	11 25	6 35	1 57
Leave Selma...	2 45			
Lv. Fayetteville	4 25	1 15		4 00
Arrive Florence	7 05	3 27		6 15
	No. 47 Daily.			
	P. M.		A. M.	
Leave Wilson...	2 05		6 35	
Leave Goldboro.	3 00		7 20	
Leave Magnolia.	4 13		8 29	
Ar. Wilmington.	5 50		10 60	
	P. M.		A. M.	

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

DATED Jan. 11, 1894.	No. 78, Daily.	No. 14, Daily.	No. 40, Daily.	†‡No. 500, N. Y. and Fla. Spec.
	A. M.	P. M.		P. M.
Leave Florence.	7 30	7 05		11 59
Lv. Fayetteville	10 27	9 20	A. M.	2 23
Leave Selma..	12 10			
Arrive Wilson..	1 ·5	11 18		4 30
	No. 48 Daily.			
	A. M.		P. M.	
Lv. Wilmington.	9 00		7 00	
Leave Magnolia	10 40		8 37	
Leave Goldsboro	12 01		9 48	
Arrive Wilson.	12 45		10 35	
	No. 78 Daily.	No. 14 Daily.		
	P. M.	P M.	P. M.	
Leave Wilson...	1 15	11 23	10 40	
Ar Rocky Mount	2 07	12 05	11 25	
Arrive Tarboro.	2 35			
Leave Tarboro..	12 54			
Lv Rocky Mount	2 07	12 05		
Arrive Weldon...	3 17	12 56		6 01
	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.

†Daily except Monday ‡Daily except Sunday.

*These trains carry only first-class passengers holding Pullman accommodations.

Train on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leaves Weldon 3:40 P M, Halifax 4:00 P M, arrive Scotland Neck at 4:55 P M. Greenville 6:37 P M., Kinston 7:35 P M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:20 A M, Greenville 8:22 A M. Arriving Halifax at 11:00 A M, Weldon 11.20 A M, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7:00 A. M., arrives Parmele 8:40 A. M., Tarboro 9:50; returning leaves Tarboro 4:40 P. M., Parmele 6:10 P. M., arrives Washington 7:35 P. M. Daily except Sunday. Connects with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N C, via Albemarle & Raleigh R R Daily except Sunday, 5:00 P M, Sunday 3:00 P M; arrives Plymouth 9:20 P M, 5:20 P M. Returning leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 5:30 A M. Sunday 9:30 A M, arrive Tarboro 10:25 A M, and 11:45 A M

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro daily except Sunday, 6:05 A M, arriving Smithfield 7:30 A M. Returning, leaves Smithfield 8:00 A M; arrive Goldsboro 9:30 A M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4:30 P M, arrives Nashville 5:05 P M, Spring Hope 5:30 P M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8:00 A M, Nashville 8:35 A M, arrive Rocky Mount 9:15 A M, daily, except Sunday.

Trains on Latta Branch Florence R R leave Latta 6:30 P M; arrive Dunbar 7:40 P M. Returning leave Dunbar 6:30 A M; arrive Latta 8:00 A M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, Daily, except Sunday, at 4:10 P M. Returning, leaves Clinton at 7:20 A M., connecting at Warsaw with main line trains.

Train No 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily, all rail via Richmond, and daily except Sunday via Portsmouth and Bay Line. Also at Rocky Mount with Norfolk and Carolina Railroad for Norfolk daily and all points north via Norfolk daily except Sunday.

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15	**Rheumatism,** Rheumatic Pains........	.25
16	**Malaria,** Chills, Fever and Ague......	.25
19	**Catarrh,** Influenza, Cold in the Head.	.25
20	**Whooping Cough**.........................	.25
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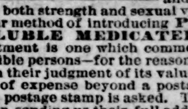
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